THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XI. ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1878. NO. 110.

THE SECOND THOUGHT

SOME COMFORT OUT OF THE WRECK.

West Virginia Safe—Indiana Stands Squarely into Line—And Ohio Gives us Three Additional Congressmen. While Iowa Belongs to the Dogs Anyhow.

CINCINNATI, October 9.—The Enquirer charges the result in the city to fraud, corruption and terrorizing of the timid by deputy U. S. marshals and the defection of a portion of the Irish vote. It concedes the state by from 5,000 to 10,000 majority, and claims 11 of the 20 congressional districts, not counting Goss, democrat, in the second district.

The Gazette claims Young, republican, elected over Goss, democrat, in the second, and says there has been an error in the counting. It claims it as a victory of honest money and good faith in public and private contracts over schemes, false and slippery money, which many thought would carry into office any party that adopted it.

The democratic ticket in Hamilton, Ohio, is carried by a majority of from one to two thousand. At Chillecathe fifteen out of twenty-three precincts gives a republican gain of 344. The rest will increase this gain. At Springfield the republican county ticket is elected by something over a thousand majority. At Dayton the republicans will probably elect the sheriff, and possibly the probate judge. The indications of the republican gain on the county ticket is over 400.

Reliable returns from all the precincts of Hamilton county, except six, give the following: Secretary of state: Paige, democrat, 22,212; Barnes, republican, 23,171; Ray, national, 468. Judge supreme court: Hume, democrat, 22,159; William White, republican, 23,069; C. A. White, national, 454. Board of public works: Fields, democrat, 22,201; Pauls, republican, 22,816; Falls, national, 434. First congressional district: Sayler, democrat, 10,931; Butterworth, republican, 11,241; Spahn, national, 118; Hemen, national, 142; Clark, socialist, 381. Second district: Goss, democrat, 11,-838; Young, republican, 10,915; Platt, national, 246; Ruthenberg, socialist, 106. The county ticket—sheriff: Johnston, democrat, 21,922; Weber, republican, 23,339. Two judges common pleas: Pugh, democrat, 31,641; Moore, republican, 22,849; Smith, republican, 2,283. Judge probate court: Matson, democrat, 22,426; Montgomery, republican, 22,517. Prosecuting attorney: Irwin, democrat, 22,703; Drew, republican, 22,334. Coroner: Maley, democrat, 18,358; Carrick, republican, 24,827. County commissioner: Horper, democrat, 20,850; Zumstein, republican, 23,187.

Complete and reliable returns for Hamilton county give Barnes, republican secretary of state, 1,641 majority over Paige, democrat; Butterworth, republican of the first district, 1,066 majority over Sayler; Young, republican of the second district, 1,080 majority over Goss, democrat. An error in the count of the latter vote was discovered and corrected this morning.

MUTUAL ESTIMATES.

COLUMBUS, October 9.—The republican state central committee claims nine congressmen, viz.: Townsend, Garfield, Updegraff, Monroe, Keifer, Neil, McKinley, Young and Butterworth. But little attention is given to the state ticket majority, but if the aggregate keeps up to the end as it began there will probable be from seven to ten thousand majority. The democratic state central committee claims eleven congressmen certain, viz.: McMahon, Lefevre, Hill, Hurd, Finley, Converse, Ewing, Dickey, Atherton, Geddes and Warner. They give the state to the republicans.

A later dispatch from Toledo says that though the returns from Lucas county and the seventh district do not materially change the result as telegraphed last night, Hurd (dem.) for congress will have a majority of from 600 to 900. His plurality in Lucas county is about 200.

TEN TO NINE THUS FAR.

The following congressmen are elected: Butterworth, Young, McMahon, Keifer, Lefevre, Hill, Hurd, Finley, Converse, Ewing, Dickey, Neal, Atherton, Geddes, McKinley, Monroe, Updegraff, Garfield and Townsend. The result in the 13th district is in doubt. The republicans claim Van Voorhees's election, while the democrats claim Warner. There are ten democrats and nine republicans. The republicans claim the state by from eight to ten thousand, while the democrats concede five thousand.

THE OHIO DLLEGATION.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

CINCINNATI, October 10.—The Ohio delegation in the next congress will probably stand as follows:

First district, Butterworth, republican.
Second, Young, republican.
Third, McMahon, democrat.
Fourth, Keife, republican.
Fifth, Lefevre, democrat.
Sixth, Hill, democrat.
Seventh, Hurd, democrat.
Eighth, Finley, democrat.
Ninth, Converse, democrat.
Tenth, Ewing, democrat.
Eleventh, Dickey, democrat.
Twelfth, Neal, republican.
Thirteenth, Warner, democrat.
Fourteenth, Atherton, democrat.
Fifteenth, Geddes, democrat.
Sixteenth, McKinley, republican.
Seventeenth, Monroe, republican.
Eighteenth, Updergraff, republican.
Nineteenth, Garfield, republican.
Twentieth, Townsend, republican.

THE INDIANA IDEA.

Something Tangible Upon Which to Base our Hopes—Increased Democratic Majorities.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 9.—At 4 o'clock this morning the latest reports on the congressional ticket place the first district in doubt; the democrats are elected in the 2d and 3d; the 4th, 5th and 6th are in doubt; in the 7th Hanna, republican, is probably elected; the 8th is in doubt; in the 9th Orth, republican, is elected; the 10th and 11th republican; the 12th democratic and the 13th republican.

Election returns continue to come in slowly. We have reports from 280 townships and wards which give the democrats a gain of 1,870 votes; the national vote in the same precincts 7,522, an increase over the greenback vete in 1876 of 4,458. The same ratio of increase in the democratic vote in the state will give the democratic ticket 10,000 majority. Only 21 per cent. of the entire state has been heard from. In Marion county the republicans elect the entire county ticket, which gives them four representatives. A joint representative in Marion and Shelby counties is in doubt. English, the democratic candidate, is probably elected. In twenty-seven wards and voting precincts in Marion county, Hanna, republican, for congress, has 472 majority, with 11 voting precincts to hear from. The district is still in doubt. Both parties are claiming it.

In the first district Heilman's election is claimed by the republicans but is not conceded by the democrats. In the second and third districts Coff and Bricknell, democrats, are elected. The fourth district is doubtful, but New, democrat, is probably elected. In the fifth district the republicans claim Brown elected by 850 majority, but this is not conceded by the democrats. The 6th, 7th and 8th are doubtful. The 9th in six counties, semi-official and estimated returns, give Orth, republican, 241 majority, with Fountain county to hear from. Both parties claim the election. In the 10th district Calkins, republican, is elected. In the 11th Cowgill, republican, is elected. In the 12th Colerick, democrat. In the 13th Baker, republican. In the 308 townships and wards heard from the democratic majority on the state ticket is 4,669; net democratic gain 2,798. The nationals show an increase of about thirty per cent.

THE CONGRESSIONAL RESULT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 10.—Returns to 11 o'clock last night show the following result in the congressional districts:

First, Heilman, republican, by 800 to 900 majority.
Second, Cobb, democrat, by 5,000 majority.
Third, Bricknell, democrat, by 4,500 majority.
Fourth, New, democrat, by 400 to 500 majority.
Fifth, Brown, republican, by 1,000 majority.
Seventh, Gilbert Delmatyr, national, by 300 to 400 majority.
Eighth, Hostetter, democrat, by 800 majority.
Ninth district, contest very close; Godlove S. Orth, republican, probably elected by a small majority, which is not conceded by the democrats.
Tenth district, W. H. Calkins, republican.
Eleventh district, Calvin Cowgill, republican.
Twelfth district, Colrick, democrat.
Thirteenth, Baker, republican, by 1,500 majority.

The senate will probably stand 24 democrats and 25 republicans and one national. In the house the republicans will probably have 45 and the democrats 51, and the nationals 4.

WEST VIRGINIA'S CLOSE SCRATCH.

Almost Disgraced by the Election of a Radical in Green Livery.

CINCINNATI, October 9.—A Charleston, West Virginia, dispatch says: The election was carried on with great energy, each party doing their utmost to bring out every voter. The indications are that Kenna, democrat, of the 3d district, has 500 over Walker, republican greenbacker. The county officers are in doubt. The legislature is largely democratic. Parkersburg advices state that Wilson, democrat, for congress, carries that county by 200 majority. All the democratic ticket was elected except clerk of the circuit court.

A Huntington, West Virginia, dispatch says Harvey, republican and greenback candidate for the state legislature, is elected by 200 majority.

A Wheeling dispatch says the returns indicate that Hubbard (reg.) for congress in the first district carries this county by about 400 majority. This will leave the majority of Wilson (dem.) very small in the district. Three out of the four members of the legislature elected are republicans. This county has heretofore been solidly democratic.

ALL THE WAY FROM IOWA.

Just About All That Was Expected.

CHICAGO, October 9, 3:15 A. M.—The following are the latest returns from the Iowa election: Thirty towns give Rothrock, republican, for supreme judge, 2,078 majority; 81 towns give Hill, republican, for secretary of state, 6,780 majority; 5 towns give McCord in the 1st district, 518 majority; 5 towns in the 2d give Brennan, democrat, 39 majority; 5 towns in the 3d give Updegraff, republican, 472 majority; 14 towns in the 4th give Deering, republican, 1,141 majority; 14 towns in the 5th give Clarke, republican, 399 majority; 15 towns in the 6th give Sampson, republican, 111 majority; 7 towns in the 7th give Cummings, republican, 618 majority; 8 towns in the 8th give Sapp, republican, 375 majority; 19 towns in the 9th give Carpenter, republican, 368 majority.

IN THE SHADOW OF GREATNESS.

Mr. Hayes Visits the Home of Madison.

WASHINGTON, October 9.—The president and Mrs. Hayes, accompanied by Secretary Schurz, Attorney-General Devens, Colonel Mosby and other friends, visited the Madison home at Montpelier, Virginia, to-day. After a brief speech of welcome by Colonel John Willis, the president expressed his gratification at being welcomed to the home of Madison, to whom he paid a brief eulogy, saying he was a man who would be held in grateful remembrance by the lovers of liberty and stable government as long as liberty and constitutional government exists. The attorney-general and Secretary Schurz also spoke, all agreeing that the principles advocated and established by Madison will be sufficient to adjust any difficulties which might possibly hereafter arise in this country. The party visited the tomb and returned to Washington much gratified at the attention shown them at Orange court house and the mansion.

THE MISSOURI MISERABLES.

Hard Money, General Grant and General Cussedness.

ST. LOUIS, October 9.—The republican state convention met in the Mercantile library hall at noon, and organized temporarily by the election of Alex F. Denny, of Randolph county, as chairman, and Rudolph Hizzel, of Gasconade county, secretary.

The convention adopted the hard-money resolutions and indorsed the Hayes administration. A resolution announcing Grant for president in 1880 was received with tremendous applause, but it was thought expedient to adopt it. The following nominations were made: For judge of supreme court, Alex. E. Denny; for supervisor public instruction, Roderick Baldwin; register of Lands, W. T. Norvell; railroad commissioner, John B. Tracy. The state central committee was then elected and the convention adjourned.

GOING TO CONGRESS.

BRIDGEPORT, CT., October 9.—The republicans of the fourth district nominated Frederick Miles.

BATAVIA, N. Y., October 9.—The democrats of the 31st district nominated Cyrus E. Davis.

FITCHBURG, MASS., October 9.—The republicans of the tenth district nominated Amasa Norcross.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Ottober 9.—The greenbackerf of the eighth district nominated Isaac Bradford.

CANANDAIGA, October 9.—The republicans of the twenty-seventh district renominated Elbridge G. Lapham. H. Van Arnam was nominated in the thirty-third district.

THE WOLLASTON TRAGEDY.

A Graphic Description of the Terrible Scene.

NEW YORK, October 9.—A Boston dispatch about the accident on the Old Colony railroad, says that both engines and six cars left the track as propelled upon each other by the terrible momentum of the cars behind, and were ground into each other and wrecked, and three smashed to atoms. A telegraph operator named McFarland, who was on the train, as soon as the accident happened, cut the wire and telegraphed to this city.

THE NEWS SPREAD INSTANTLY,

and a crowd of 10,000 gathered at the depot before 8 o'clock. A hundred policemen were quickly summoned and formed a cordon around the building to prevent the depot from being filled. Hundreds were present who had friends aboard the train and were frantic in their enquiries for their safety. The newspaper offices were thronged all the evening with those who brought rumors or sought information. The accident occured at Woolaston gravel pits, where there is a sloping embankment of some twenty feet. The conductor had ordered the brakes applied, and the engineer of the second engine had applied a pressure of ninety-five pounds, when he felt his engine leave the track. It denies that there was a loose rail or misplaced switch, and does not attempt to explain the cause of the accident. His engine pulled the first from the track, and both

PLUNGED DOWN THE EMBANKMENT

in the wreck. The baggage car, which immediately followed, was pushed along the track and left standing. The compartment car struck the corner of the second tender and had its entire side torn out. In this were the boating men and their ladies and the reporters. Every person on the left hand side of the car was either killed or badly injured. The next car was hurled to the other side of the track and broken in two. The three following cars plunged down the bank and were piled up on each other in a mass. Broken timber, with hundreds of people dead, dying and terribly hurt, were jammed together in inextricable confusion. Those in the cars at the rear end, experienced a slight shock as of a sudden stop, but sat quietly for fully ten minutes before ascertaining there was serious trouble.

"NEW ENGLAND VIRTUE."

One ugly feature of the disaster was, that the bodies of the dead were robbed by the roughs, of whom a large number were on the train.

The Western Union Directory.

NEW YORK, October 9.—The following were elected directors of the Western Union telegraph company: Messrs. Norven Green, Wm. H. Vanderbilt, Edwin D. Morgan, Augustus Schell, Harrison Durkee, Jas. H. Bankes, J. B. Cornell, H. M. Twombly, Jno. Van Horn, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Moses Taylor, W. G. Hunt, E. S. Sanford, Cambridge Livingston, C. W. Chapin, R. T. Kennedy, J. P. Morgan, George M. Pullman, J. R. Duff, D. O. Mills, O. B. Palmer, Sam A. Munson, David Jones, Anson Hager, E. D. Worcester, H. M. Phillips and W. D. Bishop.

Distinguished Deaths.

RICHMOND, October 9.—Thos. H. Drew, a venerable and highly respected citizen of Virginia, died this morning; aged 94. He was the son of Thos. H. Drew, of revolutionary fame.

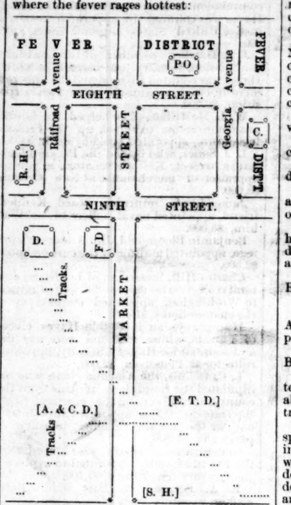
NASHVILLE, October 9.—A dispatch from Helena, Arkansas, says that Gen. Gideon J. Pillow, of Mexican war notoriety, and a brigadier general in the confederal service, died this morning of congestion.

CHROME - CHASTENED.

A DAY OF PRAYER IN LOUISIANA.

Chattanooga's Terrible Affliction—An Atlanta Hospital to be Established There—Rainy and Cloudy in Memphis and New Orleans—In the Country.

A few days since we published a small diagram intended to show the location of the fever line in Chattanooga. Since that time the scourge has widened and passed to other quarters of the city and the following map gives a true and intelligible idea of where the fever rages hottest:



MONTGOMERY AVENUE.

R. H....Read House.
P. O....Post Office.
C....Catholic Church.
F. D....Freight Depot W. & A. R. R.
D....Passenger Depot.
A. & C. D. D....A. & C. R. R. Depot.
E. T. D....E. T. Railroad Depot.
S. H....Stanton House.

MEAGRE DETAILS.

No papers and no reliable news from Chattanooga was received by the train last night. The ratio or increase in the new cases appears to be about the same as for the past few days. The number of deaths, while not definitely stated because not reported, is larger than for a week past. Many cases, for lack of proper medical treatment and nursing are terminating fatally. The probabilities favor increased mortality for several days to come. Relief is being sent from all points and Atlanta's name should lead all the rest.

FOR CHATTANOOGA.

Drs. Knott and Olmstead and General McRae Leave for the Stricken City—A Proposition to Establish an Atlanta Hospital There.

When a committee of Atlanta physicians went to Chattanooga three weeks ago to investigate the true condition of the yellow fever in that city, they said to the people there that they stood ready to come to their aid whenever the prevalence of the disease demanded their services. Yesterday a telegram was received from Chattanooga asking for physicians from our city. At once Dr. J. H. Knott and Dr. J. C. Olmstead responded to the call and

VOLUNTEERED TO GO

and at once prepared for this mission of lofty duty and noble sacrifice. Dr. Knott is one of our most experienced physicians and has always been singularly successful in the treatment of difficult diseases.

Dr. Olmstead is a young man, but has already made an enviable reputation in our city. He is a young man of brilliant talents and rare promise.

It is understood that Dr. H. B. Lee will also go to Chattanooga. He is now in Augusta but will probably be back to-day.

No words of eulogy are too high for the devotion of these men who volunteer to go into such dangers for the sake of humanity. They honor their profession when they do so, and thus are set those high standards of manhood which make the physician a calling respected and honored throughout the world.

Drs. Knott and Olmstead left on the five o'clock accommodation yesterday afternoon and spent the night in Dalton. They will reach Chattanooga this morning at 8 o'clock and will at once go to work with the many patients who are now suffering in that city. They were attended by Gen. MacRae, superintendent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, whose services in behalf of the fever sufferers have been untiring ever since the scourge began.

A reporter of THE CONSTITUTION met Drs. Knott and Olmstead at the depot yesterday and had a conversation with them.

They say that there are now about twenty doctors in Chattanooga but they need more to attend to the new cases caused by the spread of the fever in that city. They say that on their investigating visit to Chattanooga they met Dr. Blackburn and he told them that the fever there was of a very malignant and dangerous type and that if it continued such as it was then the per cent of deaths would probably be 75 whereas even in Memphis the per cent has only been 60. The uncleanly condition of the city has made the fever much more rapid in its spread and more malignant in its character.

A HOSPITAL.

It is proposed that a hospital be established in Chattanooga and he placed in charge of the Atlanta physicians. It will be the part of Atlanta to support this hospital and to send to our noble physicians there everything they may need in their practice. We are bound to help our sister city in this her great trial, and there can be no better way than that suggested. The Atlanta physicians there are experienced and able, and all they need is aid and encouragement. We must give them both. We hope to hear from them by to-morrow's issue. In the meantime all contributions for the suffering at Chattanooga will be gladly welcomed.

RELIEF WORK.

THE CONSTITUTION office receipts yesterday were as follows:

P. H. Snook	$1 00
Citizens of Fairburn	8 00
From Contribution box at Post office Griffin Ga	3 47
	$ 12 47
Previously acknowledged	2,206 75
Grand total	$2,219 22

AID FROM FAIRBURN.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Enclosed please find eight dollars, donated by the citizens of Fairburn for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers at Memphis. The contributions would have been larger but a collection was taken up on last Sabbath by the Baptist association which was in session here at that time, and which amount will be forwarded through the proper authorities.

JOHN F. GOODMAN.

An Afflicted Family.

HUMBOLDT, TENN., October 9.—R. J. Dunlap, two miles northeast of Humboldt, was taken sick Wednesday, September 25. Dr. Scott was called in the Saturday following and found him, without fever, in a stupor. He died Wednesday, October 2. His daughter, Miss Fannie, was taken on the same night. Dr. Scott pronounced her case yellow fever. Mrs. Abner, living half a mile distant, who was there on the day of Mr. Dunlap's death, came to last Sunday. Dunlap's burial and again on Tuesday evening, was stricken yesterday morning with the same disease.

The Fever in LaGrange, Texas.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LAGRANGE, October 9.—Send money, supplies and provisions. The fever is terrible and on the increase. There have been fifteen deaths in town among the citizens. Fifty cases are now sick. Help us all you can. J. B. NESBUT, Vice-President H. A.

YELLOW LINES.

MEMPHIS, October 9.—Rain has fallen at intervals all during the day. The weather is still threatening. Dr. W. J. Besancy at Decatur, Alabama, telegraphs that the condition of affairs in that city is very disheartening. Forty-eight cases have developed there. President Langstaff, of the Howards, has telegraphed to Augusta, Georgia, for four physicians. The board of health officially reports the fever deaths for the twenty-four hours ending at six o'clock to-night at seven. Additional deaths have occurred outside the corporation line.

NEW ORLEANS, October 9.—New cases, 143; deaths, 42. The weather is cloudy and rainy. The Rev. William Tramick, pastor of the Canal street Presbyterian church, died yesterday. His wife died this morning.

In response to the proclamation of Gov. Nicholls, to-day is generally observed as one of fasting, prayer and humiliation. The cotton exchange and public offices were closed, as also the custom-house, except for clearances.

Six new cases and one death in Pattersonville.

Most of the cases convalescent in Ricochac.

Seven new cases in Ocean Springs. The disease yields readily to treatment.

The president and secretary of the relief association in Onyka have the fever. Several other new cases.

There were 4 new cases in the last 24 hours in Grand Junction, Tenn. The resident physician is among them. One death and one dying.

There are two new cases and no deaths in Biloxi.

Fever decreasing in Bay St. Louis.

In Jackson, Miss., four deaths last night. Among them was Andrew Wilson, an express agent.

Thirty-five new cases and five deaths in Baton Rouge.

In Meridian, Miss., 8 cases and 2 deaths to-day. Four-fifths of the population are absent, and all the stores are closed. No trains are running and no mails.

In Pattersonville the fever is gradually spreading from house to house and assuming a more malignant form among the whites. Seventy-five cases and twenty deaths to date; four new cases to-day. The deaths yesterday were Miss Sidney Palfrey and Master Kellar. Mrs. Dr. Joseph Knight died to-day. Dr. Tarleton has relapsed. The fever is abating at Calumet, and has ceased at Laconda for want of material. Eleven deaths have occured at Ricochoe.

Special dispatches to The Constitution.

VICKSBURG, October 10.—The fever is very fatal in the entire country surrounding Vicksburg, and constant requests are being received for Howard physicians in every direction. There are very few new cases in the city.

JACKSON, MISS., October 10.—Fifteen new cases and five deaths.

DAY SPRINGS, October 10.—Two new cases and one death.

LEBANON, October 10.—Three new cases and one death.

BAY ST. LOUIS, October 10.—Seven new cases and four deaths. The fever is hard to manage. The weather made it worse today. There are twenty-five cases of fever in the country back of Bay Delta, La., and two deaths to-day.

The Lyric Club's Help.

Recently Mr. B. B. Crew received the following note showing what the Lyric club is doing for the sufferers:

Mr. B. B. Crew, Treasurer City Relief Fund, Y. F.—Dear Sir: Herewith I send you $3.40, a balance obtained since our last meeting of the "Lyric club" for the "Canton" sufferers. Of this amount $2.80 was realized last evening from the sale, at auction, of some "fish-scale" ornaments donated by Miss Georgia Green for this object. Our next meeting will furnish you another contribution, and will be held at the residence of Mr. John H. Flynn, on the 18th instant. Our objects are mutual pleasure and cultivate sociability amongst those in attendance, and in return to obtain from them aid for our suffering and afflicted fellow-countrymen.

ARTHUR C. FORD,
President Lyric Club.

The Honored Dead.

The office of the Southern Express company is draped in mourning in honor of the noble men of the express service who have died at their posts in New Orleans, Memphis Vicksburg, Canton, Grenada and elsewhere. Among the noblest sacrifices made for the cause of the suffering have been the labors of the men of the express service. The company has given with wonderful liberality, and its employees, without exception, so far as we have heard, have been true to their duty, and like noble men, have worked through the fearful plague. All honor to the men of the Southern Express service, and to a corporation which has shown that it has a soul.

THE SOCIAL BILL.

The Catholic Members Will Vote Against It.

BERLIN, October 9.—On the re-assembling of the reichstag to-day, Herr Frankenstein read a declaration on behalf of the centre Catholics, that although they recognize the dangers of the socialist agitation, they do not consider the pending bill as the proper means of combatting it; therefore the Centre will vote against it.

After a speech from Herr Sonnemann, editor of the Frankfort Tagblatt, against,

BISMARCK ADDRESSED THE HOUSE

at length. He insinuated that Herr Sonnemann's paper always harmonized with the French semi-official press. The chancellor defended the institutions of Germany as compared with those of France, where, he said, communists were not tried, but were shot by court martial. He admitted that the workingmen's associations promoted the welfare of the laboring classes, when their action was confined to proper objects, but not when they sought to undermine the groundwork of the state and society and the rights of property. He was willing to examine any positive propositions of the social democrats to ameliorate the condition of the workingmen, but he was brought face to face with a single negation, of which the only principle was the upheaval of the state and society. The socialists played an easy game with the half educated masses, seeking to destroy all belief in God, and attachment to family and fatherland. The gospel of negation found refuge in Germany after the commune was suppressed in Paris. Its work had been aided by the law and the mild penal code. It was not believed that a sentence of death would be carried out, but he, (Bismarck) was grateful to the crown prince for not allowing mercy to supercede justice. The machinations of the socialists were partly responsible for the commercial depression and lack of employment. The people should remember the series of crimes which resulted and culminated in the attempts to assassinate a monarch who, regardless of crown and life, devoted his whole existence to the welfare of the people. Yet some persons refused to see any peril, and denied the urgency of this bill. The chancellor claimed that this policy was free from any hidden tendency. He pursued tangible objects, and he looked to both of the conservative parties and the national liberals to pass the bill. He asked them to repose confidence in the government, saying: Are you more afraid of me than of the social democrats? If so, another must take my place. I wish that the three parties which intend to enable us to pass this bill should generally go hand in hand, forming a united bulwark against all tempests to which the German empire may be exposed.

The debate adjourned till to-morrow morning.

The Cheyenne Chase.

WASHINGTON, October 9.—A telegram to the Indian office from Colonel O'Beirne reports great willingness on the part of Red Cloud to persuade the hostile Cheyennes to leave the war path. O'Beirne says: "As I write the prairies are burning in the direction of Wounded Knee. It was doubtless set on fire by the flying Cheyennes to disconcert pursuit." Advices to the war department say everything was quiet at the Spotted Tail agency on the 5th instant.

Missionaries Murdered.

The steamer SAN FRANCISCO, October 9.— ...ngs the City of New York, from Sydney, brings ... following from New Zealand, under ... the 5th: Wesleyan missionaries were ... dered and eaten by the Cuah natives ... the Malicol coast. Eighty of the tribe ... killed by the traders and coast natives in retaliation.

WORDS OF WARNING.

COUNSEL TO GEORGIA DEMOCRATS.

Address of the State Democratic Executive Committee—The Duty of the People of Georgia in the Present Crisis—Unity of Action Called For.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the democratic party for this state at the capitol in this city on the 8th inst, the following committee was appointed by the chairman to prepare an address to the democratic party of the state.

James M. Pace, chairman; J. L. Warren, W. A. Harris, M. J. Hatcher, J. T. Waterman, W. T. Trammell, J. A. W. Johnson, and W. E. Simmons. It was on motion ordered that the name of Miles W. Lewis be added to the committee. The following is the address issued by the committee to the people of the state:

THE ADDRESS.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN GEORGIA: The state democratic executive committee of Georgia, animated by a sincere regard for the welfare of the state, and viewing with undisguised concern the existing opposition to some of the regularly chosen candidates of our party deem it timely to address Georgia democrats upon what it considers the imperative duty of the hour—the duty of true party allegiance and the importance of its discharge. We speak no mere formal words to you; we ask you to hear us for our common cause. The peril of party disintegration is foreshadowed in a personal independentism that professes fealty to democratic principle. The large numerical majority of the democracy in the state has begotten a feeling of security, and a disregard of the principles that won success. This sense of security appears to be drifting us steadily towards the dissolution of our party bond, and the ultimate triumph of our political enemies in our own state. Not only this, but the great national victory for which democrats have been struggling for more than a decade of toilsome years, and now for the first time within our grasp, must be inevitably lost to us if our party unison ceases, if our party zeal wanes, or if our party strength is weakened by selfish aspirants or disorganizing factionists. It is well for the democracy of Georgia to take soundings of its course, and in this early hour before the battle of the ballots, deliberate what is best to be done and what must be avoided. All sensible men must acknowledge the need of co-operation to secure a common action and preserve and enforce a common belief. In war there can be no triumph without organization. In politics it is equally essential. There must be a common object, an acknowledged authority, a harmonious policy and a united action. These are the indispensable conditions of success, approved by time and trial, and their violation will bring revenge in sure overthrow.

Looking back over the turbulent years since 1864, to their stormy conflicts, to their disappointments and humiliations, the conscientious champions of democratic principles find cause for congratulation in their heroic adhesion to duty, and in the full reward of victory which it has brought to them. We saw then the upheaval of all society. We saw states raped of their sovereignty. We saw the caprice of conquest made the law of the general government. We saw the soldier become the arbiter of private rights, the custodian of private liberty, the judge of private property. Worse even than these, we saw a party in power, seemingly entrenched, that sought to make these odious and fatal practices the accepted and permanent policy of national rule. The spirit of our free government was to be forever subverted and destroyed, and the genius of liberty and law was to be supplanted by the demon of force and tyranny. In resistance to all this wicked intent, in undismayed battle with the heresy of an arbitrary centralism, the democratic party did its grandest work. Vainly it fought for years. It suffered repeated defeat. It was derided and overwhelmed, but vanquished or silenced, never. Sturdily by the assailed cause of constitutional government, it stood like a stone wall. On every hard ground its forces were rallied, and its blow was struck. It resisted force and fraud, misrule, menaces and temptation. Its courage grew, and abated not. It won, at last, small victories, and then larger ones. It redeemed precincts, counties, cities, states. One after another, it took citadel and stronghold of republicanism. It carried its victorious standard into the speaker's chair, it but awaits in assured victory the forms of the senate's capitulation. It elected the president, but lost the prize by the superior genius of radicalism for fraud. In these hard won and long delayed triumphs, it restored law, and order, and peace. To the conduct of public affairs, it brought new virtue, to official corruption it brought an end. For public extravagance, it substituted economy, it quickened the dormant sentiment of private patriotism, it restored to life and vigor the spirit of constitutional law and liberty. But its mission is not yet fulfilled. It has a president to seat before it can wholly impress its policy upon the government and make the next chapter in the history of the country.

What has not the democratic party done for our beloved state? Its beneficent work is all too fresh to need recount. Consider it but a moment, and let the pleasing reflection assemble its members in solid phalanx around its standards on every field of conflict.

Fellow-citizens of the democratic party, the final consummation of triumph for our individual and collective good can be accomplished only by the same united action which has brought us our past successes. What we have gained can only be preserved to us in this way. If democratic principles are to be maintained, we must preserve our organization. We cannot disband our forces and continue to conquer. We can achieve no further victory if division come to us. If we break ranks, we can win no battle. We cannot preserve our party by disintegrating it.

We see in Georgia, in several congressional districts, aspirants, claiming to be democrats, running outside of the party organization and against the regular party nominees. These aspirants make stout profession of their party fealty, and yet their only hope of success rests upon the solid vote of the opposition, the radical party. From such source comes their succoring strength. If their profession of political faith be true, it must be seen that a successful candidacy upon such basis makes the opposition the balance of power between contending democrats, humiliates our party, and, by subjecting it to defeat, makes the result a substantial opposition victory. Will voting democrats aid in putting their party to shame? We entreat you not to do so. Let there be no self-delusion in this important matter. Let no man mislead you, or deceive you by specious pretext. The path of duty and interest is plain to all who will calmly consider. Let democrats refuse to give their countenance and support to independent candidates, and the danger which threatens the party shall disappear at once. They have no claims upon you, they carry not the party standards, they seek not to advance the party interest, or promote the public good. They but seek to gratify their own personal ambition and love of office. No existing party abuses invite their reforming hands. For selfish purpose they make profession. Their success will bring benefit to none but themselves and the party hostile to us.

Let them run if they will, but not under false colors. The democratic party can but dispute their claim to represent it. It can find no pleasure, it can feel no sense of friendship, in that success which wounds and enfeebles it, and arrests its conquering advance. Speaking affectionately and earnestly for that grand party, venerable in patriotic service and radiant with its regained strength and honors, we appeal to every member of it in Georgia to stand inflexibly by its organization, and follow to joyous and benign victory the men who hold its commissions, and bear to battle its accredited standards.

"Once more unto the breach, dear friends, once more."

J. M. PACE, of 6th dist., Chm'n.
JOSEPH L. WARREN, 1st District.
WM. A. HARRIS, 2d District.
M. J. HATCHER, 3d District.
J. T. WATERMAN, 4th District.
W. T. TRAMMELL, 5th District.
J. A. W. JOHNSON, 7th District.
MILES W. LEWIS, 8th District.
WM. E. SIMMONS, 9th District.

The democratic papers in the state are respectfully requested to publish this address.

THE SPORTS.

The Chicago Turf.

CHICAGO, October 9.—The 2:40 race commenced yesterday was finished this afternoon. Jennie C., won; J. J. Cooke, 2d, Duroe, 3d. Time: 2:36½, 2:34½. In the 2:20 class, Bonsetter won; Mazomanic, 2d; Wolfod Z., 3d, Time: 2:27½;

HANLON'S GOLD MEDAL.

TORONTO, October 9.—Hanlon returned home last night and met with an enthusiastic reception. He was presented with a gold medal by Lord Dufferin.

BASE BALL.

BOSTON, October 9.—Bostons, 6; Manchesters, 0.

SPRINGFIELD, October 9.—Springfields, 5; Providences, 2.

THE MIDDLE PARK PLATE.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LONDON, October 10.—The race for the middle park plate for two year olds was won by Gen. Fell's chestnut colt, Peter; R. Peek's chestnut colt, Victor Chief, 2d; Acton's chestnut colt, Gunnersburg, 3d.

THE CRICKETERS.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

TORONTO, October 10.—The cricket match was resumed. The Australians finished the first inning at noon, making 123 to the Canadians 100. In the second inning the Canadians made 54. The Australians went to bat and beat the Canadians with eight wickets to spare. During yesterday's game the man in charge of the Australians' wardrobe absconded with five valuable gold watches.

NASHVILLE TURF.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

NASHVILLE, October 10.—First race, Belle Meade stake No. 2, for three year olds, two mile dash; 19 nominations, 5 starters. Bergamot won easily in 3:38¾; Blue Eyes 2d; Glenmore 3d; Bonnie Stasca 4th.

Second, mile heats for all ages, association purse $250; four starters. King Faro won, Time, 1:44¼.

Third, mile dash for three year olds. Won by Milan by two lengths; Day Star, the favorite, 2d; Parides 3d. Time, 1:45¼.

PUNJAUB PARAGRAPHS.

Officers Ordered on Duty—No Collision with the Afghans.

LONDON, October 9.—The Times says orders have been issued from the India office for all officers on furlough belonging to regiments in Scinde and the Punjaub, or whose corps have been detailed for the Afghan expedition force, to rejoin their posts by the first steamer. Those absent on medical certificates are directed to present themselves for examination, and should their health permit, will be pushed on to the front.

SIMLA, October 9.—It is officially announced that no collision with the Afghans has occurred. No immediate attack on Ali Musjid is contemplated. Beyond the active military preparations nothing has been done.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LONDON, October 10.—The Standard's correspondent at Simla, telegraged to that paper last night that he is informed, on what he believes good authority, that Ross' column has passed Ali Musjid and is advancing on Dakka, which will be captured on Thursday at any cost. Such movement is regarded here as exceedingly improbable.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

The Bull River Bulldozer—The Preacher Hayden Re-Arrested.

LONDON, October 9.—Peter Freeman, the Bull river, S. C., murderer, was arraigned to-day on a warrant and extradition papers from the United States. An order for his surrender was made out.

NEW HAVEN, CT., October 9.—REV. H. H. Hayden, of Madison, acquitted recently of the murder of Mary Stannard, has been rearrested. Fifty grains of arsenic were found in the girl's stomach, and the arsenic left in Hayden's barn was missing. Other new evidence is reported.

FAIRS.

What the Georgia Associations are Doing.

ALBANY.

We have received an invitation to attend the fall fair of the Southwest Georgia Industrial association to begin at Albany on the 15th and to run to the 20th. A fine programme of races and other attractions is presented.

TALBOT COUNTY FAIR.

The Talbot county agricultural society holds its first annual exhibition at Talbotton to-day and to-morrow. The people of this live county will surely make a success of this their new enterprise.

MONROE COUNTY FAIR.

On the 16th, 17th and 18th the Monroe county fair will be held in Forsyth. The people of Monroe are noted for their energy, and whatever they undertake succeeds. There will be a big attendance at their fair.

GREENSBORO.

The Greene and Morgan county fair opened at Greensboro yesterday with a fine attendance. It will continue until Saturday, increasing in attractions every day. Several good races are promised.

NEWNAN.

Next Tuesday Newnan opens a fair which promises to be brilliant in all respects. It will continue four days. Five purses for racing are offered, and a big list of premiums will attract exhibitors.

LAGRANGE.

The LaGrange fair opens on the 15th and continues four days. A fine new race track and increased premiums will attract a big crowd. LaGrange is always charming, but particularly so at her fairs.

AMERICUS.

Americus is now in the midst of a good fair largely attended. Several north Georgia horses are there for the races, and the track will be full every day.

ROCKDALE FAIR.

The Rockdale county fair will open on the 15th and continue four days. It promises to be very attractive. A fine premium list is being offered.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

D. Mather, of Bastrop, Texas, has a camel ranche.

Texas has a church membership of 260,000, in a population of 2,000,000.

Several thousand bales of sponge are in Key West awaiting shipment to New York.

The Alabama horse fair begins at Montgomery October 15th and runs through the 17th.

THE CONSTITUTION,
PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.
CONSTITUTION BUILDING,
34 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

The Daily Edition is served by mail or carrier at $6 per annum, postage prepaid.

The Weekly Edition is served at $2 per annum, or ten copies for $15.

Agents wanted in every city, town and county in Georgia and surrounding states. Liberal commissions paid and territory guaranteed. Send for circulars.

Advertisements ten, fifteen and twenty cents per line, according to location. Contract rates furnished upon application to the business office.

Correspondence containing important news, briefly put, solicited from all parts of the country. All letters or dispatches must be addressed to THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 10, 1878.

THE camp-fires of the democracy are all ablaze in the seventh. Independentism in that district will expire by limitation on the 5th of November.

IT is understood that Dr. Felton will attack General Gordon in his speeches hereafter. This is a good idea. We had imagined, however, that the able independent had quite as much as he could do to hold up the Brown-Hargrove end of the line. A colored affidavit or two would probably quench General Gordon, but Dr. Felton can't do it on the stump.

PROF. BAIRD, as secretary of the Smithsonian institute and successor of Prof. Henry, has dropped the fish propagation business with a view to a reorganization of the scientific staff of the institute. He should not forget that the work of the institution is properly national, and that there are competent scientists outside of the circles of eastern "culchar." There is here and there a western or southern man who can comprehend a scientific problem.

ARE the ancient and fish-like stories about the kidnapping of negroes in Florida for slave purposes in Cuba, a new phase of the bloody shirt—the latest cut of the ensanguined undergarment, so to speak? Such stories are annually sent out from radical centers just before election times, and no one ever hears anything about them after the ballots are deposited. The administration is annually going to investigate the subject, but never does.

COL. BENJAMIN C. YANCEY, of Athens, who has recently returned from a tour through the west, paid THE CONSTITUTION a visit yesterday. Colonel Yancey was invited to make the trip by Commissioner Le Duc, and was with the presidential party twelve days during his visit. Senator Butler, of South Carolina, and Gen. Lomax and wife, of Virginia, were also among the invited guests with Commissioner LeDuc. The party visited several state fairs in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and went as far west as Fargo. Colonel Yancey was frequently called on for speeches during the trip and made several responses, in all of which he gave eloquent advertisement to his section, and no doubt accomplished much good.

THE deaths from yellow fever now exceed 10,000, and the list is being swelled at the rate of over one thousand a week. New Orleans heads the terrible table with figures that were only exceeded in that city in 1853, when the mortality was 8,185. The deaths for the present year will not, however, exceed one-half that number. In Memphis on the other hand this year's mortality is far in excess of previous epidemics. In 1873 the total number of deaths in Memphis was 1,202; this year up to Oct. 1 they numbered 2,706. In no previous epidemic has the fever spread so freely and fatally over surrounding plantations and into small interior towns. The mortality from this time to the coming of frost will in good part occur in country districts.

Always the Freshest.

We have frequently of late alluded with some degree of complacency to the enterprise which enables THE CONSTITUTION to furnish its readers with later and fresher telegraphic news than any of its state contemporaries. To show that such complacency is pardonable we beg to refer those interested to the character and extent of the election news printed in yesterday's CONSTITUTION as compared with the meagre dispatches in other Georgia dailies. It is only necessary to make the comparison to convince the public that our claims are well grounded. Our special dispatches supplemented the regular press telegrams with such aptness that the readers of THE CONSTITUTION were enabled to make an intelligent estimate of the result. We allude to this, not for the purpose of vainglorious boasting, but for the purpose of assuring our readers that it is our purpose to supply them with the freshest and the best of everything that goes to make up a progressive newspaper.

The Address of the State Committee.

We print elsewhere the address of the democratic state executive committee which, in response to a suggestion made by THE CONSTITUTION, assembled in this city last Tuesday for purposes of consultation. The address is an unusually strong paper, terse, vigorous, patriotic and timely, and we most cordially commend it to the careful consideration of every honest and intelligent voter in the state. It is to be hoped that every democratic paper in Georgia will reproduce it. It cannot be too widely circulated, nor can its letter and spirit be too often impressed upon the people. The fact that the democratic party of the state is confronted by serious danger is not to be disguised. Its great strength is its greatest weakness, and in the present emergency it becomes the duty of every patriotic person to stand squarely by the organization. At present independentism is based on the personality of those who, affecting to despise nominations and conventions, have the effrontery to nominate themselves for office; but it will not be very long before it will drift into a certain sort of liberal republicanism as dangerous in its tendencies to the liberties and prosperity of the people as the most hideous form of carpet-bagism. This is the tendency of independentism, and this why the republican leaders are so anxious to nurse and foster the independent candidates. Whatever is opposed to the success of the democratic party is either directly or indirectly in favor of the success of republicanism. Once more we commend the address to the thoughtful consideration of democratic voters. The time has arrived when the people must either crush out the spirit of office-seeking which springs from greedy ambition, or be prepared to accept the consequences.

Help for Chattanooga.

The people of Chattanooga are our near neighbors with whom we are connected by ties of blood, society and extended business intercourse. They responded most heartily when cities farther south asked for help. Their gifts outran proportionately their wealth and population. The plague that aroused their generosity in behalf of other cities has fastened itself upon their own city, and they are compelled to ask for help. The appeal was postponed in the hope that the disease would not assume an epidemic form—postponed longer perhaps than it should have been; and now that it has been made, it should be speedily and generously answered. The condition of the two thousand who on account of poverty or other controlling cause, are left in the stricken city, is deplorable. The cases on hand will probably number to-night fully two hundred, or one out of every ten remaining in the city. The daily expenses of caring for this number of cases are very large, and an increase in this respect may be expected during at least twenty days to come. Atlanta should arouse herself to a renewed effort. We should send within a week supplies—for they are greatly needed—by car-load lots. The balance of THE CONSTITUTION fund has been appropriated to that purpose; and unless otherwise directed, every future contribution sent to this office will be devoted to the relief of the stricken people in our sister city. Atlanta should, and we believe will, see that at least one fully-loaded car is dispatched every day, until the distressing cry for relief is satisfied. We hope our churches will on Sunday consider in a practical way the suffering that is almost within sight of us, but in the meanwhile philanthrophy should be active, for the want of food is very urgent. The rich cities of the north have disposed of their immense contributions, and Chattanooga will doubtless have to look in great part to her near neighbors. She surely will not look to Atlanta in vain.

The Cheyenne Raid.

The bad Cheyennes who have murdered hundreds of people in the thickly settled portions of Kansas and Nebraska, did not take the government by surprise. It was known weeks ago that they intended to leave their camps in the Indian territory; their route and destination were well known from the first. The red raiders advanced leisurely across the country. On the 27th of last month they struck a small body of troops near Fort Wallace; they did not cross the Union Pacific road until the 4th of October, although they could have reached it in forty-eight hours. They were in no hurry; they were not afraid of either state or federal authorities—and the savages had a correct appreciation of the situation. Troops might easily have been concentrated by Gen. Sherman on either the Kansas Pacific or Union Pacific lines, that would have saved wide sections of the two desolated states from massacre, ravishment and robbery, but nothing was done beyond the holding of about two hundred men at Sydney—seventy-two miles from where it was everybody's opinion the Indians would cross the line of railroad. These two hundred constitute Major Thornburg's command. When the Indians had actually crossed the railroad, this leisurely major started from Sydney, and he was six hours in reaching the point of crossing. He is now engaged in a very safe stern chase. If he ever gets a glimpse of the columns of dust raised by the fleeing Indians, it will be because they are encumbered with a large number of squaws and papooses at the end of a long ride. The chances are that they will be able to form a junction with the Cheyennes who are said to be moving south from the Rosebud regions, and that they will then chase Thornburg instead of being chased by him. This is not a pleasant prospect, especially to the dwellers in or about the Black Hills. Certainly some one is to blame for permitting these Indians to traverse Kansas and Nebraska as leisurely as they did; and if the war department does not promptly investigate the matter, congress should call on a junketing administration or the wandering Sherman to explain why, out of twenty-five thousand men, only two hundred were in readiness to face the raiders; why even this number were kept seventy-two miles away, and why a stern chase was substituted for a line of battle.

A Lesson from Ohio.

We do not care to analyze this morning the results of the recent elections. There will be time enough for that when full returns are before us. In the meanwhile we are left to contemplate the reversal of a democratic majority of over twenty-two thousand in Ohio in the course of a single year, and the defeat of the Ohio idea in the state that gave it birth and that is to-day overwhelmingly opposed to a single gold basis, to a forced resumption and to further contraction. The total vote of Ohio is over 650,000, and there is no reason to doubt that the greenback vote of Tuesday exceeded 75,000. Add these figures to the democratic vote and we have a majority against further contraction and in favor of the substitution of greenbacks for national bank notes, of sixty thousand. And yet the news is bulletined all over the country to-day that Ohio has repudiated the Ohio idea and adopted the hard-money theory of John Sherman and the eastern money-lenders. The Cincinnati Gazette declared almost before the smoke of the conflict had been cleared away, that it was a victory over, what it calls, "a scheme of false and slippery money"—that is, over greenbacks, and in favor of bank notes and a gold basis.

Why is this? How is it that the enemies of currency reform are able to nullify in Ohio a popular verdict of 60,000, more or less? Why has the state been turned over to the supporters of John Sherman and the bondholders?

The reason is as plain as the nose on a man's face. The friends of currency reform were divided, while the enemy remained compact and harmonious. With folly almost incredible, men left or refused to join the only party that could carry into practice their ideas, and threw away their votes on a new party that absolutely had no chance of gaining a control either of the state or federal government. The very reforms they desired have thus been stifled, and their own consciences must tell them that they are primarily responsible for the reverse they have encountered. The monopolists and money sharks from one end of the country to the other are this morning exulting over their unexpected escape, and they will doubtless proceed without delay to re-establish their shaken authority.

But the triumph of the gold bugs is not all. The third-party folly in Ohio has given the party of corruption and misrule a new lease of life. Hope and vigor have taken the place of despair and apathy. And the greenbackers did it; for every vote cast for the greenback ticket in Ohio was a vote indirectly cast in favor of the party that opposes home rule, supports the centralization of federal power and upholds the gigantic fraud of 1876. If the republicans have secured a majority of the Ohio and Indiana delegations, through the diversion of votes to the greenback tickets, the election of a republican hard-money president is possible in 1880, thus perhaps bringing hopeless defeat home to the debtor class and untold injury upon the country. It is just such a programme as this that the greenback movement makes possible. It is just such a peril that it leads up to. Every vote cast in Ohio or in Georgia, or in any other state against the democratic nominees, operates to lengthen the rule of the most corrupt party that the country has ever known, and to rivet the chains that the east have put upon us. There is no help for us politically or financially, except through the democratic party, and the result in Ohio ought to fully open the eyes of every intelligent man to the dangers of the situation.

Mr. Hayes and the Electoral Frauds.

The recent letter of Mr. Hill setting forth his views of Mr. Hayes's administration will undoubtedly attract widespread attention. His letter puts in tangible shape and interprets with unerring precision the views of a large majority of the people of this country. Its style is admirable and its conclusions irresistible. The ideas that Mr. Hill has put in words have in a vague way pervaded the public mind ever since the positive and negative revelations made before the Potter committee. As far as THE CONSTITUTION is concerned we have most strenuously defended the attacks that have been made upon the southern policy for the reason that it was just and equitable; and in doing this we did not stop to inquire into the motives that prompted Mr. Hayes to give the southern states an opportunity to re-establish home-rule, and to appoint honest, efficient and respectable men to office. We all know what these motives were. It was the avowed purpose of Mr. Hayes to break down the solid south by organizing another party in this section. This party was to be the outcome of administrative leniency, and was to be organized and kept in trim by those who had received favors at the hands of the administration. It was a very pretty project altogether, but it was not a success. But the southern policy was morally successful. It gave us better government and it eliminated the military satrap and the corrupt carpet-bagger from our politics. These results were actual as well as hopeful. They were substantial. Viewing the matter from this stand-point, we conceived it to be our duty to defend that policy which, whatever its intent, had produced such happy results. We knew that we were sustained by the liberal sentiment of the south.

But the developments of the Potter committee, the attitude of John Sherman, the shuffling attempt of the administration to shield the knaves of the Louisiana returning board, and the remarkable appointment to offices of trust and profit of all who had any connection with the confessed frauds of 1876, have all conspired to create the most profound disgust in the public mind. Mr. Hill's letter is therefore something more than readable and timely. It goes to the very core of public dissatisfaction, and expresses with extraordinary aptness the feeling that has taken possession of the honest voters of all parties. The politicians may reconcile themselves readily and easily to the circumstances that have grown out of the electoral frauds, but back of the politician stands the voter, as silent as fate. We have defended Mr. Hayes, as our readers know, with some degree of persistency, and we have protested all along against the methods which would subject him and the men he has seen proper to call around him to impeachment. We have insisted that the question of fraud should be remitted to the people, not only because the fraud was committed with the full knowledge of the people, but because such a settlement would avoid the confusion of a formal prosecution of the matter before congress or before the supreme court.

The status of parties and the culmination of events render it unavoidable that the fraud issue should be tried before the people in 1880, and any contingency that stands in the way of such a trial will be the result of unpatriotic and unworthy motives. This is what we have contended for all along—that the great issue of 1880 should not be unduly embarrassed by minor issues; issues that cannot succeed until the success of the democracy is assured. Whatever the result may be, however, the name of Mr. Hayes cannot be disconnected with the villainous electoral frauds which disgrace our history. Whether he is utterly under the control of such men as John Sherman or whether he has been moved by his own desires, it is certain that the appointment of the very men who stand indicted by facts as well as by public suspicion is not to be overlooked by those who take note of current events. What will be the outcome of the trial before the people remains to be seen, but it cannot be denied that the position Mr. Hayes occupies in the public mind is altogether unenviable. We are willing to give him credit for his southern policy, but we are not willing to step between him and the indignation of those he seems to have knowingly defrauded.

THE new outfit of THE CONSTITUTION, which has been the subject of such favorable comment all over the country, was furnished by the Franklin type foundry, of Cincinnati. The smallest detail has received careful attention, and it is, perhaps, the most complete (as we know it is the handsomest) outfit ever ordered by a southern newspaper. To our friends of the press who, in making note of the change, have paid THE CONSTITUTION such high compliments, we beg to return our sincere thanks. Heretofore it has never been the good fortune of any southern newspaper to receive such compliments from the leading journals of the north as those which have recently been bestowed upon us.

BOSS SHEPHERD doesn't believe Grant will be a candidate unless the country demands it. The country can therefore go to bed and sleep quietly.

POLO has made way for cricket—a game that can be played by statesmen as well as newspaper editors. Progress is the word now.

HON. HIRAM P. BELL is still on the war-path in favor of Colonel Billups, and Jim Turnbull has been detailed to meet him. They say that Jimmy is a badly used-up apostle. Rucker gave him a turn, and now Mr. Bell is mangling him wherever they meet.

MURCH has been subjected to an interview with a newspaper reporter. As the man who defeated Eugene Hale, Mr. Murch has already shown that he is entitled to a monument or some other substantial memorial.

DID we hear anybody say anything just now about the Ohio idea? Or did we overconversation occur last winter?

MATT CARPENTER refused to become a representative on the ground that the house is a bear garden. If it had been a beer garden now!

DR. FELTON'S private secretary's husband is in a bad way.

THE republican party is prepared to pay large rewards for southern outrages. Attorney General Devens wants half a dozen fresh ones right now, and he wants them bad.

IN GENERAL.

—Queen Emma rides horseback manfashion.

—Richford, Vt., has had frost every month except July.

—When Peter Cooper was born New York had 27,000 inhabitants.

—The last republican newspaper published in Mississippi suspended recently.

—It is reported that Simon Cameron has made things solid with the widow Oliver.

—"Equinoxul" is the way they spell it in Iowa, and it is the more sensible way, too.

—The poet Longfellow pays an annual tax of $2,230 on property that he owns in Chicago.

—Cleopatra's old needles will now have a rest. It looks uglier than ever since being set up.

—Paris has 65,000 houses, London 460 000 more than Paris, Berlin, Vienna and New York combined.

—Surgeon General Grier, of the navy, has been retired from active service, having attained the age of 62.

—The pope is said to be one of the greatest letter writers in Europe. A large portion of his time is spent on his correspondence.

—I repudiate the diabolical story that I am engaged to Webb Hayes. Hannah Boggs may be, for all I know.—Susan B. Anthony.

—She is to be pitied who expects to find a friend other than her husband if she be a wife, than her children if she be a mother, than God if she be neither.

—The ameer of Afghanistan means business. He has just released his best general, who is also his son, from prison, and he placed him at once in the field with an army.

—The leading journal of London has made the portentous discovery that in Mr. Gladstone's article on England and America, queen is spelled with a little "q" and President with a big "P." Heigh-ho!

—A promising young man in Texas killed himself in the presence of a young lady to whom he had been devoted. He discovered that she was engaged to Webb Hayes and didn't want to live any longer.

—As the Chinese minister to Washington steps in the Chinese minister of London and Paris steps out. So says a cable dispatch. "Off with the old world and on with the new," would seem to be China's motto.

—Dean Stanley was surprised yesterday at a station by a lean person with a tuft of red chin whiskers putting his head in at the car window and shouting, "Hello, Stanley! Hooraw! How's Afriky?"—Graphic.

—Count William Bismarck, the son of the prince, and the youngest member of the reichstag, is a jovial, hearty-looking person, so clever that he would have a future before him even if he were not the son of so powerful a man.

—A large ape which was chained to a tree in the grounds of one of the Estahazy family, lately descended on the countess while she was driving, and tore her dress and arm. Her husband arrived in time to shoot the beast before serious harm was done.

—A chop of tea is the entire quantity of a certain kind of tea brought to market, or in China, the entire quantity of that kind that is made. This usually (in Congou) comprises from 600 to 1,000 chests. It is equivalent to "a dairy" in the butter districts.

—Senator Bayard is accredited with saying that in his opinion there will be three presidential candidates in the field in 1880—the republican, democrat and greenback candidates. It is possible, too, that the house of representatives may be called upon to elect the next president.

—There is said to be no doubt of the reelection of Senator Morrill by the Vermont legislature. The counties which were reckoned the strongest for Judge Poland show, now that the legislators have got together at Montpelier, that most of them favor Mr. Morrill.

—Henry Irving sends a very sensible letter over to a friend in America, and says that so long as his prospects are as bright as they are at present in the old world he will not think of coming to the new. He also says he does not understand the tastes of the Americans and that he might not please them.

"Now tell us all about the race
And of the selling that took place."

"Oh, it was Hanlon," Casper cried,
"He Courtney put to rout;
But whether Courtney sold the race
We never could make out;
But everybody said," quoth he,
"It was a famous victory."

—Boston brings together birds and babies in a public exhibition. The most wonderful of the babies is Estelle Pincus, a tiny Philadelphia girl. She is two months old, and only weighs sixteen ounces. When born she was only twelve inches long, and she has grown one inch since then. Her head is not remarkably small, but her body and limbs are very diminutive.

—Kraus, the executioner of Hoedel, is the lion of the day in Berlin. He wore a full evening dress when he beheaded Hoedel, and on his breast were medals gained in the wars of 1866 and 1876. He would accept no compensation for this work, considering himself paid by the honor it afforded. Magistrates and court officers warmly shook his hand after the deed, and he was invited to many entertainments.

—On the suppression of the commune in Paris, 500 boys were among the prisoners taken, and it was proved that large numbers of the murders and incendiaries were committed by them. They were sent to a reformatory at Rouen, and on being carefully inspected by two eminent physicians, it was found that 337 were of very delicate form and stunted growth. They were, however, among the most mischievous, and all the children of drunken mothers.

—What a tremendous boyhood that old Methuselah had! He died at the advanced age of nine hundred and sixty-nine years, about nine hundred years more than man's span of life. At that rate when he was two hundred years old he about equalled a lad "Change," by Maj. J. J. White, and a lecof fifteen. There is yet enough of his former greatness lingering about him to make him tower away above the average congressman.

Only a Matter of Time.

Chicago Times.

Jay Gould is the only unfortunate proprietor of two papers, both daily. The New York Tribune he runs as a strictly republican organ, while his Denver News is a good democratic paper. Each seems to be a good sized elephant.

The Southern Heart.

Yonkers, (N. Y.) Gazette.

The poem on the first page of to-day's issue by Samuel W. Small, of the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, is a gem, and gives in a touching manner, an insight into the real feelings that now fire the southern heart.

A Blow Between the Eyes.

Washington Post.

For directness, emphasis and force, there is nothing that has been written concerning the great fraud which equals the letter we publish to-to-day from Ben. Hill, of Georgia.

All He Wants Here Below.

Chicago Times.

"Let me see the prize pumpkins of a nation," says Mr. Hayes, "and I care not who makes its laws."

Passing Away.

BY T. F. S.

The fairest flowers that bloom on earth
Must wither and decay;
The frost of death the petals touch
And then they pass away.

The grandest structure man can rear—
The pride of human power—
Are touched by time's relentless hand,
And crumble in an hour.

And man with all his boasted skill,
Must yield to death's embrace;
Must find within the narrow grave
A silent resting place.

That furrowed brow with hoary locks
Must soon be laid away;
No power on earth the stream of life,
Or tottering steps can stay.

That noble youth, whose bosom swells
With prospects bright and fair,
Must see those prospects fade away—
For life is ebbing there.

And that sweet maid, with bouyant step,
With spirit glad and free,
Must feel the icy hand of death—
Must cold and lifeless be.

We pass away! The old—the young
Around in silence fall;
And soon the hour will come when we
Must heed the solemn call.

O friends! shall we all meet at last
When earth shall find no prey?
When all that's good and pure and sweet
Shall never pass away?

Atlanta, October 9, 1878.

LOUISIANA AND FLORIDA.

List of Accomplices in the Presidential Steal, and the Reward Given Each Out of the United States Treasury.

Washington Gazette.

J. Mad. Wells, president Louisiana returning board, appointed surveyor of port of New Orleans, $4,500.

T. C. Anderson, member of returning board, appointed deputy collector, port of New Orleans, $3,000.

L. M. Kenner, member of returning board, appointed deputy naval officer, port of New Orleans, $2,500.

William Pitt Kellogg, so-called governor of Louisiana and Hayes elector, who certified to forged returns and made sundry protests against counting votes for democratic electors, foisted into the United States senate through Hayes' influence and Stanley Matthews' support, $5,000.

Stanley Matthews, the great go-between and confidential correspondent of supervisor Anderson, elected to the United States senate through Hayes' interference, $5,000.

Morris Marks, Hayes elector, appointed collector of internal revenue, $3,750.

O. H. Brewster, Hayes elector, appointed surveyor-general, Louisiana, $1,800.

A. B. Levisee, Hayes elector, whose electoral vote was counted for Hayes, although his name was forged to the electoral certificate, appointed special agent of internal revenue, $2,500.

S. B. Packard, candidate for governor on Hayes ticket and who got more votes than Hayes, but was juggled out of office to satisfy Hayes' promises, appointed consul to Liverpool, $6,000.

John Sherman, leader of the band of visiting statesmen, who promised to reward republicans who did their duty, appointed secretary of the treasury, $8,000.

E. W. Stoughton, visiting statesman, who explained a forged return of votes as a "clerical error," and who was one of Hayes' leading counsel before the electoral commission, appointed minister to Russia, $17,500.

John A. Kasson, visiting statesman and Hayes' counsel before the electoral commission, appointed minister to Austria, $12,000.

E. F. Noyes, statesman and confidential friend of Hayes, appointed minister to France, $7,500.

W. M. Evarts, Hayes' counsel before the electoral commission, appointed secretary of state, $8,000.

Lew. Wallace, visiting statesman, appointed governor of New Mexico, $3,000.

Eugene Hale, visiting statesman, tendered by Hayes position of secretary of the navy, $8,000.

George L. Smith, who manipulated the returns of nine parishes, appointed collector of port of New Orleans, $7,000.

Hugh J. Campbell, who appended forged jurats to papers before the returning board, on which Mr. Hayes was counted in, appointed district attorney for Dakota (in addition, no doubt, to his $3,000 salary).

R. K. Stearns, governor of Florida, who certified the returns of the Hayes electors, appointed commissioner to the Hot Springs, Arkansas, $5,000.

C. B. McLin, member of the Florida returning board, appointed chief-justice of New Mexico, $3,000.

W. H. Green, clerk to the returning board, appointed to a place in the New Orleans custom-house, $1,200.

York Woodward, clerk in the returning board, appointed chief clerk surveyor's office, port of New Orleans, $1,800.

C. A. Abel, clerk to the returning board, appointed clerk in New Orleans custom-house $1,200.

Clerk Black, appointed to a clerkship in the treasury department, $1,800.

Clerk Hewell, appointed collector of customs, $2,500.

R. M. J. Kenner, brother of the returning board, Kenner, appointed to a place in the New Orleans custom-house, $600.

St. Felix Cassanave, brother of returning board Cassanave, appointed store-keeper in the New Orleans custom-house, $1,460.

H. C. Clarke, Kellogg's private secretary, appointed to a place in the interior department, $1,200.

W. F. Loan, ex-chief of police of New Orleans, appointed clerk in the revenue office, under Marks, Hayes elector, $1,200.

A. S. Badger, chief of police of New Orleans, postmaster at that place, $3,500

F. A. Clover, supervisor of elections in East Baton Rouge, appointed to a place in New Orleans custom-house, $1,600.

W. A. Heistand, supervisor of elections, appointed clerk in the New Orleans custom-house, $1,200.

Maxwell Hayes, body guard, appointed lieutenant United States army, now in the penitentiary, $1,500.

John M. Harlan, member of the Lousiana commission to carry out bargain in which Hayes was counted in, appointed associate justice United States supreme court, $10,000.

J. P. Hawley, member of the Louisiana commission, to carry out bargain in which Hayes was counted in, tendered the appointment of chief commissioner to Paris exposition, $2,000.

W. L. McMillan, who helped the Louisiana commission to break up the Packard legislature, appointed pension agent, $4,000.

L. J. Souer, who bribed the Packard legislature to elect Kellogg senator, appointed appraiser of merchandise at New Orleans, $5,000.

James Lewis, returning board, Kenner's friend, appointed naval officer to conciliate him, $5,000.

Benjamin Bloomfield, Jim Anderson's protege, appointed auditor in the custom house, $2,500.

Charles Hill, messenger of Louisiana electoral college, who carried the forged returns to Washington, appointed storekeeper in the custom-house, $1,460.

Humphreys, an ineligible Hayes elector of Florida, whose electoral vote was cast and counted for Hayes illegally, appointed collector at Pensacola, $2,000.

S. C. Dennis, the Alachua giant, who manipulated the fraudulent returns from that county, thus diverting the electoral vote of the state to Hayes, appointed superintendent in the architect's office, treasury department, $1,800.

Gov. Stearns' secretary, who helped along the Florida frauds, appointed to a place in the treasury department, $1,400.

E. A. Lesage, an East Baton Rouge striker, appointed to a place in the New Orleans custom-house, $720.

Also, the following more or less prominent actors in the great steal, viz.:

Jack Wharton, appointed U. S. marshal, $2,000.

L. Desmarius, appointed cashier New Orleans custom-house, $2,500.

"Judge" Bell, appointed government timber agent, $2,500.

"Judge" Cessna, appointed postmaster, $2,500.

Samuel Chapman, appointed to a place in the New Orleans custom-house, $600.

E. Lukeman, appointed to a place in the New Orleans custom-house, $600.

Napoleon L. Lastrapes appointed to a place in the New Orleans custom-house, $600.

Paul Trevigne, appointed to a place in the New Orleans custom-house, $1,000.

H. M. Twitchell, appointed U. S. consul at Kingston, $2,000.

A. B. Sloanaker, appointed to a place in the internal revenue, $1,200.

Mr. Phelps, appointed commissioner to Paris.

Mr. Varnum, appointed receiver in the land office, $1,500.

Mr. Taylor, provided for in the land office, $1,000.

Bowles of Leon, appointed to a place in the treasury department, $720.

Total amount per annum, exclusive of fees, not estimated, $199,560.

OUR REX COLUMN.

THE QUEEN.

ACWORTH, October 5.—Is it true that the queen chosen by the king must be a nonresident? C. J. T.

Answer: Yes, sir; and Acworth should send her prettiest.

THE SUBJECT.

GRIFFIN, October 4.—What subject will be presented on the streets, and where were costumes purchased. A. V. J.

The name of subject is unknown until seen on the street. We learn, upon good authority, that the costumes are as fine as the most fastidious could wish.

GAINESVILLE, October 5.—What time should ladies go to DeGive's opera house, in order to get good seats to witness the tableaux? To whom should application be made for invitations to the ball, and what do they cost? ALEX. W.

Guests are invited at 8:30 p. m. You should apply to some friend in the city and he will attend to it. All invitations are complimentary.

A BIG THING.

SAVANNAH, October 7.—What kind of procession will Rex have on the 25th. T. S. J.

Those who pretend to know claim that it will be splendid. It will require 200 horses to pull the equipages. There will be ten brass bands and a number of military companies in the escort.

ACCOMMODATIONS.

THOMASVILLE, October 1.—Will you please inform me where I can get nice accommodations, cheap, in Atlanta. I want to come and be there at the fair and races, but principally to see Rex procession. Over ten young ladies will visit your ball from Thomasville. Who should we write to for tickets to the ball? T. J.

A list of private boarding houses is now being prepared by the secretary of the North Georgia Fair association. As soon as it is printed will send you a copy. Write to any friend you may have in the city, and tickets will be secured for you and the ladies.

HALF FARE.

ALBANY, October 6.—Do all the railroads give half rates to Atlanta during fair week. Answer soon. F. H. B.

Yes, sir; all the roads leading to Atlanta give half rates, and some of them less to visitors to the fair.

The Scientific Association.

Tuesday night the scientific association hall was favored with a large and cultivated audience to listen to an original poem on ture on "The Signal Service," by Dr. Geo. H. Rohe, lately appointed as special observer for the signal department of Washington for Atlanta. Prof. Geo. Little presided. In his introductory remarks Prof. Little spoke of the interest, curiosity and importance of locating the signal service in Atlanta.

Dr. Rohe explained the barometer thermometer, the cause of dew, the hygrometer, clouds, fog, rain, snow and hail, the wind and anemometer. The doctor then spoke of trade winds and storms, and also explained the many operations and modus operandi of the signal service. The speaker then explained, by means of charts, how the department makes its calculations, and also showed how conclusively they arrived at results. He then explained the benefits of the weather probabilities to each and every class of people. The lecture was one of great interest, and was profusely illustrated. Maj. White then read his poem with fine effect, and elicited considerable applause. The association expects to have interesting meetings every Tuesday night.

Abrams and His Man.

Alex St. Clair Abrams has tackled a man named Mills in Florida, and this is how Mills replies in part to an "open letter" from Abrams:

"I learned that, on Friday last, as you went to Orlando, you told a neighbor that you had fought duels and could do so again. Now come, Mr. Abrams, I am no fighting man, and you scare me! However, should you challenge me, it will give my second the right to choose what shoe-makers call pegging awls, with handles 4 inches long and blades ½ inch, distance ten paces apart and no advancing to be allowed. From the vim with which you write, will you be so kind as to notify me which route you travel, so that I may be on my guard not to meet you unexpectedly, because I am not in the habit of carrying arms, and I am getting too old to carry my sledge-hammer with me."

London, October 9.—The Standard announces that France has decided to dispatch a very strong fleet to the Mediterranean which will comprise, besides smaller vessels, ten broadside iron clads, and will carry 130 guns and six thousand officers and men.

For nervousness of thirty years Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. An old and well-tried remedy. 25 cents a bottle. 406 feb28 d&wly

AUCTIONS AND SALES.

G. W. ADAIR, ... Auctioneer.

Gilt Edge Residence Lots.

I WILL sell upon the premises on north-side of Wheat street, between Ivy and Pryor streets, on Thursday afternoon 10th instant at 3 o'clock, two strictly Gilt Edged Central, first-class Residence Lots, upon one of them is a 4 room house and one of the very best wells of pure water. Parties wanting first-class, central residence lots will please examine the premises and attend the sale, as this kind of residence lots are nearly all taken up and are scarce in the market.

Titles indisputable. Terms one-half cash, 3 and 6 months at 8 per cent interest. Sale absolute.

G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate Agent,
No. 4 Wall St., Kimball House.
193 oct8...d3t

FOR SALE.

IN the picturesque Van's Valley, 1¼ miles from Cave Spring, and close to a way station on Selma, Rome and Dalton R. R., a RESIDENCE, newly built and well finished, 6 rooms, dining room and kitchen, servants' houses, stables and barns and all necessary outhouses, with 20 acres garden, orchard and pastures, well fenced and watered, and 20 acres woodland, either separate or together, with the FARM, containing 100 acres, 80 of which are 1st and 2d Creek bottom, renting at $5 per acre, and 20 acres woodland, with tenement houses, etc., and separate set of barns and stables. Both places have a fine well and springs, and are in perfect repair and working order. Address CHAS. M. MARSHALL,
93 aug6...d3m Rome, Ga.

120 ACRES LAND FOR SALE, AT PUBlic outcry at City Hall, in Atlanta, on 1st Tuesday in November next, unless sooner sold at private sale. The land is farming land, most of it well timbered, with plenty of running water on it. It lies ten miles from Atlanta, in one mile of the Air-Line railroad and near depot. Terms made known on day of sale. Dealers in wood, look to your interest.
JOHN WILSON,
112 oct6...d1d E. N. BROYLES.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE. BY VIRTUE OF an order from the Superior Court of Douglas county, Georgia, the undersigned Commissioners appointed by the court, will sell at public outcry before the court house door at Douglasville, in Douglas county, on Tuesday the 5th day of November, 1878, all the real estate belonging to the New Manchester Manufacturing Company, being one hundred and thirty-three and one-half acres, situate in Douglas county, Georgia, consisting of lot 882, and parts of lots Nos. 883, 928, 929, 954 and 953, in the 18th district and 2d section of original Cherokee, now Douglas county. Upon said property is a valuable Mill Site and one of the best Water Powers in the state. Said sale to be made for partition and sold at the risk of Henry L. Braswell, the former purchaser. Terms cash. Purchasers to pay for titles.
JNO. C. BOWDEN,
47 oct5 d1m W. N. MAGOURK,
Commissioners.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

JONES—The friends of Mr. Bartee Jones and of Prof. J. A. Richardson and Dr. V. H. Taliaferro, and their families, are hereby notified that the funeral services of the former will take place at the City Cemetery this (Thursday) morning at 9 o'clock. 249

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

All announcements under this head must be paid for in advance.

Col. Hammond's Appointments.

Hon. N. J. HAMMOND, the Democratic nominee for Congress, will address the people at Zebulon, Pike county, Tuesday, October 15th. Hampton, Henry county, Wednesday, October 16th, (Col. Arnold's appointment.)
Forsyth, Monroe county, Thursday, Oct. 17th.
Decatur, DeKalb county, Friday, October 18th.
Brook's Station, Fayette county, Saturday, October 19th.
Thomaston, Upson county, Wednesday, October 23d.
McDonough, Henry county, Monday, October 21st, (Col. Arnold's appointment.)
Fort Valley, Houston county, Saturday, October 26th.
Alpharetta, Milton county, Tuesday, Oct. 29th.

For Congress: The friends of Reuben ARNOLD announce him a candidate for Congress from Fifth District of Georgia.

For the Legislature: Atlanta, Ga., October 3, 1878. Dr. E. J. Roach: You are hereby notified that at a meeting of delegates from various greenback clubs in this county, held this day at the court house, your name was unanimously suggested as a candidate for the House of Representatives to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. N. J. Hammond.
DANIEL PITTMAN, President.
V. M. HODGSON, Secretary.
In reply to the above communication, and at the solicitation of many friends, I announce myself a candidate for the Legislature.
E. J. ROACH.

For the Legislature: B. F. Abbott announces himself a Democratic candidate for Representative in the General Assembly from Fulton county, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Col. N. J. Hammond.

For Clerk of the Superior Court: We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. J. S. HOLLIDAY as a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county. He will have associated with Mr. A. S. TALLY and Mr. FRANK STEWART.

For Tax Collector: For the first time in my life, I am a candidate for civil office, and ask from fellow-citizens, among whom I have lived over thirty years, for their suffrages for the office of Tax Collector of Fulton county.
ER LAWSHE.

For Coroner: We are authorized to announce the name of FRANK A. HILLBURN as a candidate for Coroner of Fulton county.
MANY CITIZENS.

For Coroner: The friends of Dr. W. G. DRAKE announce him as a candidate for Coroner of Fulton county.

For Tax Receiver: I am a candidate for the office of Receiver of Tax Returns of Fulton county, at the ensuing election.
R. S. WATERS.

For Tax Collector: We are authorized and requested to announce the name of F. A. CRAWFORD as a candidate for Tax Collector of Fulton county.

For Tax Receiver: We are authorized to announce the name of GEO. H. GRAMLING as a candidate for Tax Receiver of Fulton county.

For Alderman at Large: Editors CONSTITUTION—I have consented to run for Alderman at Large in he ensuing municipal election.
CHAS. PINCKNEY.

For Alderman at Large: We are authorized to announce to the public that D. A. BEATTIE is a candidate for Alderman at Large at the ensuing election.

For Alderman: We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN B. GOODWIN for Alderman at the ensuing municipal election.

For Councilman: We are authorized to announce the name of Captain CALVIN FAY as a candidate to represent the Third Ward in the General Council for the ensuing term.

For Councilman: W. H. Patterson is announced as a candidate for Councilman from the Fourth Ward.

For General Council: We are authorized and requested to announce the name of W. A. FULLER as a candid

The Constitution.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—We are looking pretty well, now, aint we!

A Walton county cat is nursing a litter of rats.

Beefalo Bull is wending his way hitherward.

It is thought that the Georgia railroad will declare a dividend in January.

Plezzy Stovall is getting too proud to write paragraphs. This disease is common to us all.

The gin house of Mr. Roland Steiner, of Burke county, was destroyed by fire the other day.

A Harris county man who was bitten by a rattlesnake recently, cured himself with whisky.

The gin house of Mr. John G. Jordan, of Jefferson county, was burned recently, together with eighteen bales of cotton.

The gin house of Mr. T. M. Abercrombie, of Walton county, was burned recently, together with twenty bales of cotton.

Speaking of neat-looking papers, it may be well to observe that they don't print any neater ones than the Columbus Enquirer.

The gallantry of General Gordon, in coming to the rescue of the party when it is threatened by disorganizers, is characteristic of the man.

Mayor Huff and the city council of Macon, can't get along together more than three hours at a time; but Huff always comes out ahead.

A little girl, daughter of Rev. Mr. Johnson, of the Thomaston circuit, was given morphine recently through mistake, and died a few hours afterwards.

Captain B. R. Herty, one of the most widely-known and best beloved citizens of Milledgeville, is dead. He was as noble and as gallant a man as ever lived.

—LaGrange Reporter: It is not too late for a nomination in this district. There ought to be one by all means. The democracy may lose the district this time, and if so, when can they regain it again? This district is the subject of censure by the whole state, and deservedly so. Our conduct, as a party, has been shabby in the extreme. We suggest that a primary election be held Wednesday, the 23d inst.; that the returns from each county to be carried to West Point, by the chairman of each county executive committee, or some person designated by him, on Friday, the 25th, and that the person receiving the highest vote be the nominee. What say the papers of the district? Speak out; the time is short.

COBB COUNTY CHIPS.

Sketches from the Point of a Marietta Pencil.

The Marietta brass band will visit Atlanta during the fair.

Marietta has a park that is quite a popular resort with the visitors.

The last lawn party of the season has come and gone in this little city.

There are three livery stables in Marietta, with Chuck Anderson in the lead.

Several Atlanta boys spent Sunday in Marietta and had a most enjoyable time.

The drives around Marietta are the finest to be found anywhere in this section of the state.

They have two varieties of drinks in Marietta—whisky with water and whisky without water.

A number of new buildings are going up in Marietta. Among them are several handsome stores and warehouses.

The old bridge over the Western and Atlantic railroad track has been pulled down and a new one is going up in its stead.

Many of the residents of Cobb county will make exhibits at the north Georgia fair. Marietta will be well represented in the fancy work department.

The churches of Marietta did not seem to be well attended, if we may judge from the size of the congregation at the Presbyterian church last Sunday night.

Marietta is inviting refugees from Chattanooga to come and take up their residence within her limits. A more delightful little city could not be selected by any one.

The "Chucks," it is rumored, are practicing for the base ball match which comes off during the fair at Oglethorpe park. This game, it will be remembered, is for the state championship.

Marietta for some time past has been visited with quite a number of cases of scarletina. At the Kennesaw house there are now eight cases of this fever. Many of the boarders have packed up their traps and fled.

Plenty of new cotton is coming into Marietta from all sections of Cobb and adjoining counties. We hear that the crop this season is much larger than it has been any year since the war. Cobb is one of the richest counties in the state.

Politics have been declared an epidemic in Marietta. The knowing ones announce, in the strongest terms, that Lester will clean up Felton in Cobb county by a handsome majority. Lester, it is said, is gaining ground every day. The popular, "Close up, boys," is heard all over the county, and the ranks of the Lester men are growing larger every day.

Mr. Chuck Anderson's three trotting horses are now at the Macon track getting in trim for the coming races. The stable will visit Albany and Americus and then come to Atlanta in time for the races at our fair. Mr. Anderson passed through Atlanta Sunday night for Macon to look for his trotters. We wish him success in the many races in which his horses will take part.

One of those old time, red-hot revivals is going on in a negro church at Marietta. Sunday afternoon during service some members of the congregation became so worked up that their cries could be heard in the next county. Services in this church continue from week to week without intermission. A few of the congregation find it necessary to take a recess occasionally for the purpose of laying up for repairs.

HON. HENRY R. HARRIS.

The Greenbacker's Candidate in the Fourth District.

He votes to repeal the resumption act; he votes to remonetize silver and restore its legal tender character; he votes to issue fractional currency to the amount of $40,000,000; he votes for the act suspending the further retirement of legal tender notes; he votes for the bill to authorize the payment of custom dues in legal tender notes at par; he votes for the act to repeal the national bank law; his record in congress puts him squarely on the greenback platform.

LAGRANGE, GA., October 8th, 1878.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: In the speech made by Mr. Henry Persons at this place on the first day of this month, Mr. Persons saw fit to misrepresent Colonel H. R. Harris upon several very important questions: 1. He charged Colonel Harris with being the candidate of the national banks. This is untrue, for Colonel Harris voted for the act to repeal the national bank law on the 19th of June, 1878, and has voted with the greenbackers upon every question in congress, including the bills mentioned at the head of this article, and is squarely upon the greenback platform. 2. Mr. Persons stated that General Phil. Cook had been trying to have the cotton tax refunded, and that Colonel Harris had not assisted him. As soon as this gallant old soldier, who now so ably represents the third district of Georgia, in congress heard this unjust accusation against Col. Harris, he immediately sent the following telegram, which will fully explain itself:

T. C. Crenshaw, Jr., LaGrange, Ga: Hon. H. R. Harris did his whole duty in regard to refunding the cotton tax, as well as in all matters affecting the interest of his constituents, faithfully and intelligently.

[Signed.] PHIL. COOK.

This shows the utter untruthfulness of the charge. Now Mr. Henry Persons is somewhat excusable for his want of knowledge as to the position Col. Harris has taken upon these questions that have been agitated in the present congress, for in the same speech Mr. Persons stated he very seldom ever left home even to visit the capital of his county. T. C. C.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you.

578 june22 deowly&weowly

What is Portaline?

This question is thus briefly and truthfully answered. Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, derives its name from the fact that it regulates those portals of the body through which the most dangerous diseases make their entrance into the human system. Simple roots and herbs, for which we are indebted to bountiful nature, have been scientifically combined, and presented as a cure to all suffering with Constipation, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and all diseases arising from torpid liver. Price 50 cents a Package.

For sale by Collier & Co., Pinson & Peacock, and Hutchison & Bro.

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LIVER REMEDIES.

DR. M. W. CASE'S Liver Remedy AND BLOOD PURIFIER

Tonic and Cordial.

This is not a patent medicine, but is prepared under the direction of Dr. M. W. Case, from his favorite prescription, which in an extensive practice of over twenty-seven years he has found most effective in all cases of disordered liver or impure blood. It is a

ANTI-BILIOUS.

It acts directly upon the liver, restoring it when diseased to its normal condition; and in regulating the activity of this great gland every other organ of the system is benefited. In Blood Diseases it has no equal as a purifier. It improves digestion, and assists nature to eliminate all impurities from the system; and while it is the cheapest medicine in the market, it is also superior to all known remedies. While it is more effectual than Blue Mass, it is mild and perfectly safe, containing nothing that can in the slightest degree injure the system. It does not sicken or give pain; neither does it weaken the patient, nor leave the system constipated, as do almost other medicines.

It Cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Bilious Fever, Headache, Sick Headache, Water-Brash, Heartburn, Sick Stomach, Jaundice, Colic, Vertigo, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Female Irregularities and Weakness, all Skin and Blood Diseases, Worms, Fever and Ague, and Constipation of the Bowels.

In small doses it is also a sure cure for Chronic Diarrhœa.

Taken two or three times a day, it prevents Yellow Fever, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Cholera, and Small-Pox.

HOW TO BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR. Use Dr. Case's Liver Remedy and Blood Purifier, a pleasant Tonic and Cordial. ANTI-BILIOUS. And save your doctor bills. Only 25 cts. a bottle. It is the most effective and valuable medicine ever offered to the American people. As fast as its merits become known, its use becomes universal in every community. No family will be without it after having once tested its great value. It has proved an inestimable blessing to thousands who have used it, bringing back health and strength to those who were seemingly at death's door. Prepared at the Laboratory of the Home Medicine Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Price per Bottle, 25c. Extra Large Size, 75c.

For sale by Druggists, General Stores, and Agents. **A GENTS WANTED**

Sold wholesale and retail by HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR, Atlanta, Ga.

205 aug17 d&ewly a m col nex read mat

LAW CARDS.

S. G. McLENDON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.

Collections promptly attended to. Office corner Broad and Jackson streets, opposite Mitchell House. 188 oct8,'78 d6m

WM. A. HAYGOOD, STUDENT AT LAW, At office of N. J. Hammond, 54½ Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Will give prompt attention to COLLECTIONS. 466 sep22 d6m

ROBERT TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.

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JNO. B. CUNNINGHAM, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Offices (5 and 6 Centennial Building) No. 1 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Practices in the Supreme Court, the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, and in the Superior and City Courts of Atlanta. 6 may2 d&wly

McWHORTER BROS., ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW, GREENESBORO', GEORGIA. Collection of Claims a SPECIALTY. JOHN A. McWHORTER. | HAMILTON McWHORTER. 170 aug10,1878 d12m

JAMES B. PARK, ATTORNEY AT LAW, GREENESBORO', GEORGIA. Practices in Greene, Morgan, Baldwin, Hancock, Talliaferro, Oglethorpe, Clarke, Richmond, Warren and McDuffie counties. Refers to Hon. A. H. Colquitt, Governor of Georgia; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Member of Congress. 296 feb17,'78 d12m

ALBERT L. MITCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ATHENS, GEORGIA.

As Solicitor General of the Western Circuit, will attend regularly the Superior Courts in the counties of Banks, Clarke, Franklin, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Oconee, Rabun, Walton and White, and will represent parties litigant in any cause in which the State of Georgia is not an interested party. 272 mar17 d1y

UNDERTAKER.

C. BOHNEFELD, UNDERTAKER, Keeps constantly on hand the latest styles of METALLIC CASES, CASKETS AND WOOD COFFINS AND CASKETS.

WILL ATTEND TO FUNERALS IN ALL ITS DETAILS, furnishing Hearses and Carriages at prices to suit all customers.

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HOTELS.

PULASKI HOUSE, SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

R. BRADLEY.....PROPRIETOR.

Rates reduced to $2 50, $3 00, and $3 50 per day, according to location of room. 000 oct8 d1f

MARKHAM HOUSE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

In assuming control of this elegant hotel, promise the public that no pains shall be spared to make its accommodations equal to those of any first class house in this country.

30 sep1 d6m E. H. PAINE.

STOP AT THE CHARLOTTE HOTEL, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

FIELD BROS.....PROPRIETORS.

TERMS, PER DAY, $2 00.

The Proprietors of this Hotel, under the new management, beg leave most respectfully to inform the traveling public that they have taken hold of this well known house and intend to run it in a style not inferior to any establishment in the Southern States.

J. T. JULIAN, Superintendent. B. KIMBALL, Clerk. 27 aug4 d6m

BOARDING. Pleasant Rooms and Good Table Board at FLORIDA HOUSE, 101 BROUGHTON ST., Next door to Marshall House, 429 sep20 d3m SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

MUSIC TEACHING.

PROF. E. H. KRUGER, TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN AND VOICE.

Director of Rosdni Musical Club and Organist at the First Methodist Church and Jewish Synagogue. Lessons given at pupil's homes if desired. Address at Phillips & Crew's, or residence 67 West Harris street. 212 june11 d6m

COUNTY FAIRS.

Coweta County Fair

The Fifth Annual Fair will commence at

Newnan, Georgia, Oct, 15, 1878,

AND

CONTINUE FOUR DAYS.

Liberal Premiums are Offered

On all articles usually exhibited at Fairs, and

All Classes of Trotting

AND

RUNNING HORSES.

Premium Lists can be had free by applying to

ORLANDO McCLENDON, Secretary.

447 sep21 d1t oct 15 sat tues thur

Copartnership Notice.

MR. JAMES H. LOW—FORMERLY A PARTner of the old and reliable firms, Edward Padelford & Co., Savannah, Ga., and Wood & Low, New Orleans, La., and a resident of this city for more than five years—has been admitted a partner, from this date, in my Real Estate and Insurance business. The firm name, in future, will be "HURT & LOW." JOEL HURT.

Atlanta, Ga., October 1st, 1878.

ATLANTA, GA., October 1st, 1878.

We have formed a copartnership under the firm name of "Hurt & Low," for the purpose of conducting a General Real Estate and Insurance Agency, on Commission Strictly. We ask the public for a generous patronage, which we promise to reward with fidelity, promptness and system in our business. JOEL HURT. JAMES H. LOW.

Office, No. 44 Marietta St., (W. D. Grant Building.) 666 oct1 d2w

CITY MARSHAL'S SALES.

MARSHAL'S SALES FOR NOVEMBER, 1878. Will be sold before the City Hall door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in November, 1878, between the legal hours of sale, the following property, levied on by the City Marshal to satisfy tax fi fas issued by order of the Mayor and General Council of the city of Atlanta, Ga., for city taxes due for the year 1878:

Levied this fi fa, on city lot in ward 4, land lot 92, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, on Jenkins (No. 10) street, adjourning Rawson and Markwalter; levied on as the property of I. W. Avery to satisfy a tax-fi fa. for city taxes for the year 1878.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing 2¾ acres, more or less, on Calhoun, Currier and Collins streets, adjoining Robinson; mayor and council vs. Austell, Tommy and Hoyt.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, containing 95-334 feet, more or less, on Pryor and Clarke streets, adjoining Elchberg and Eddleman; mayor and council vs. Ezra Andrews.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, containing 60-100 feet, more or less, on Hunter, Grant and Fair streets, adjoining Springer and Rawson; mayor and council vs. Loretta Arnold.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one half acre, more or less, on Church and Ellis streets, adjoining alley; mayor and council vs. W. G. Ashley.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 77, 27-98 feet, more or less, on Loyd and Decatur streets, adjoining Reid and Franklin; mayor and council vs. H. A. Agricola.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing five-eighths of an acre, more or less, on Peachtree street, adjoining Harris and Langston; mayor and council vs. Mrs. L. E. Adams.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Ivy street, adjoining Cassin and Goldsmith; mayor and council vs. Dr. A. Alexander est.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing 25-100 feet, more or less, on Marietta street, adjoining Edwards and George; mayor and council vs. Dr. W. C. Asher.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing half acre, more or less, on alley and Peachtree street, adjoining Jackson and Renfroe; mayor and council vs. Henry Banks, sr.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 57, containing one and one-fourth acres, more or less, on Calhoun and Ellis streets, adjoining Thomas and Flynn; mayor and council vs. Banks & Scott.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, containing three-quarters of an acre, more or less, on McDonough and Fulton streets, adjoining Rushton and Dobbins; mayor and council vs. James M. Ball.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 108, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Tatnall street, adjoining Marshall & Sharp; mayor and council vs. J. M. Bookout.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 85-100 feet, more or less, on Walker street, adjoining Alexander & Bettis; mayor and council vs. J. E. Bettis.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, containing 40-100 feet, more or less, on Peters street, adjoining Mitchell & McDaniel: mayor and council vs. C. H. Bass estate.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 50-200 feet, more or less, on Forsyth street, adjoining Jones & Murphy; mayor and council vs. Mrs. E. A. Baldwin.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, containing 3-16 acres, more or less, on Hunter and Terry street, adjoining Jones & Murphy; mayor and council vs. M. Buice.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 83, containing ½ acre, more or less, on alley Thurman and Mangum streets, adjoining Bentley; mayor and council vs. W. C. Beavers.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 83, containing ¾ acres, more or less, on Rock street, adjoining McCrary & Dean; mayor and council vs. J. W. Banks.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Pryor street, adjoining Alley and Alley; mayor and council vs. Henry Banks, jr.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Decatur and Bell streets, adjoining Smith; mayor and council vs. Mrs. Ellen Brogan.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing 1-16 acre, more or less, on Pryor street, adjoining Dabney and Culberson; mayor and council vs. Mrs. E. C. F. Butler.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing 50x75 feet, more or less, on Railroad and Mitchell streets, adjoining Bridwell and B.; mayor and council vs. C. Bridwell.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, containing ½ acre, more or less, on McDonough street, adjoining Bailey and McLean; mayor and council vs. W. H. Bailey.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Calhoun street, adjoining Gatins and Lipes; mayor and council vs. William Barnes est.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Clarke street, adjoining Tidwell and H. and Jones; mayor and council vs. S. H. Bryan.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Haynes and Hunter streets, adjoining Kennedy and Taylor; mayor and council vs. Phillip Brientenbucher.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Jenkins street, adjoining Markwalter and Black; mayor and council vs. Mrs. E. E. M. Bottsford.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Peachtree street, adjoining Boyd and Berry; mayor and council vs. W. H. Burke's est.

Also city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Luckie and Foundry streets, adjoining Tyler & Stephens; mayor and council vs. W. R. Bell estate.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one-third of an acre, more or less, on Peachtree and Mills streets, adjoining Pryor; mayor and council vs. Wm. T. Budeo.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 57, containing one acre, more or less, on Forrest avenue and Currie streets, adjoining Knight & Moore; mayor and council vs. J. C. Bridges.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing 150 by 180 feet, more or less, on Harris street, adjoining Stovall and Westmoreland; mayor and council vs. A. P. Bally.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, containing 45-100 feet, more or less, on Pryor street, adjoining Bowie & Hammond; mayor and council vs. J. W. Brumby, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 57, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Ellis street, adjoining Crichton; mayor and council vs. G. M. Berry, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, containing three-fourths of an acre, more or less, on Loyd and Pryor streets, adjoining McAfee & Sigman; mayor and council vs. G. D. Black.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing two and a half acres, more or less, on Wheat and Collins streets, adjoining Jones and Gray; mayor and council vs. O. W. Bartlett estate.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Peachtree and Powers streets, adjoining Bowers; mayor and council vs. Mrs. A. J. Brannan.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one-quarter of an acre, more or less, on Simpson street, adjoining Wooding and Pennick; mayor and council vs. T. M. Bidgood.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing three-quarters of an acre, more or less, on Calhoun street, adjoining Wilson and Mahoney; mayor and council vs. E. M. Berry, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Plum and Dairy streets, adjoining McNeely and Fickett; mayor and council vs. J. W. Churchill.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, containing one-eighth acre, more or less, on Pryor street, adjoining Fears and Abbott; mayor and council vs. W. W. Chapman.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, containing 60-200 feet, more or less, on Mitchell street, adjoining Alley and Dunning; mayor and council vs. W. B. Calloway.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, containing 50-100 feet, more or less, on Pryor and Mitchell streets, adjoining Speer and Herndron; mayor and council vs. H. F. Clarke.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 83, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Mangum street, adjoining Maher and Wilson; mayor and council vs. V. B. Crawford.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 78, containing one-quarter of an acre, more or less, on an alley adjoining Walker and Thomas; mayor and council vs. Cook Gunby & Co.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 54, containing 85-100 feet, more or less, on Markham street, adjoining Fleish and Schican; mayor and council vs. J. L. Cox.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing 50-100 feet, more or less, on Markham street, adjoining Frazier and Schican; mayor and council vs. A. B. Culberson, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing 50x112 feet, more or less, on Wheat street, adjoining Orme and Akers; mayor and council vs. Thos. A. Chastain, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 50, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Peachtree street adjoining Clarke and Mims; mayor and council vs. Mrs. A. E. Chipley.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 78, containing one-eighth acre, more or less, on Spring and Luckie streets, adjoining Thompson and Wilson; mayor and council vs. Mrs. F. S. Carter.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, containing three-eighths acre, more or less, on Frazier street, adjoining Dorsey and Cargill; mayor and council vs. Moses Calhoun.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 57, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Harris street, adjoining Milledge and Harrison; mayor and council vs. Jas. Coyne.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, containing 12 acres, more or less, on Plum street, adjoining Harris; mayor and council vs. Dr. J. W. Christopher.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Harris and Spring streets, adjoining Payne and Crew; mayor and council vs. Geo. W. D. Cook.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one-quarter acre, more or less, on Pryor street, adjoining Butler and English; mayor and council vs. Mrs. R. Culberson.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing 120x200 feet, more or less, on Forsyth street, adjoining Alexander; mayor and council vs. E. R. Carr, one third interest.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one-quarter acre, more or less, on Marietta and Plum streets, adjoining Shuttles and Neal; mayor and council vs. Cook and Gunby.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing one-half acre, more or less, on Peachtree street, adjoining Bleckley and Fowler; mayor and council vs. Mrs. M. E. Cahn.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one and a half acres, more or less, on alley and Railroad street, adjoining Winship and Clark; mayor and council vs. Cook & Stewart.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 47, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, on Houston street, adjoining Byrd and school; mayor and council vs. E. M. Cravath.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing two acres, more or less, on Peachtree street, adjoining Raines and Lochrane; mayor and council vs. J. R. Campbell.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 46, containing nine acres, more or less, on Wheat, Rolling Mill, Jackson and Irwin streets, adjoining ——; mayor and council vs. Cotton States Life Insurance Company.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 45, containing 50-100 feet, more or less, on Decatur and Young streets, adjoining Orme and Ellison; mayor and council vs. Wm. Clarke est.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing one-sixteenth of an acre, more or less, on Baker street, adjoining Beck, Tuggle and McCowan; mayor and council vs. M. A. Candler.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 54, containing one and a half acres, more or less, on Anderson and Wilkins streets, adjoining Adair, Young and Steward; mayor and council vs. Cohen & Selig.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, on [illegible] and Jones streets, adjoining Wood [illegible] mayor and council vs. R. H. Clarke.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot [illegible] 76-135 feet, more or less, on [illegible] ing Williams & Fuller; mayor and [illegible] W. Clayton.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 60-89 feet, more or less, on Castleberry and Thompson streets, adjoining Haverty & Neal; mayor and council vs. R. D. Chaney.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing ⅛ acre, more or less, on Railroad, Alabama and Forsyth streets; mayor and council vs. T. M. Cunningham.

CITY MARSHAL'S SALES.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 77, containing 50-100 feet, more or less, on Collins street, adjoining Boyd & Collins; also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 84, containing 2 acres, more or less, on Marietta, Cain and Walton streets, adjoining Hill; also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 77, containing 38-120 feet, more or less, on Peachtree street, adjoining Phillips & Williams; mayor and council vs. Mrs. W. F. Chisholm.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 83, containing 50-100 feet, more or less, on Peters street, adjoining White and Jones; mayor and council vs. C. M. Cole.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 83, containing 50-175 feet, more or less, on Haynes street, adjoining Brady; mayor and council vs. Mrs. E. M. Cooper.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, containing 8 acres, more or less, on Glenn street, (Fulton brewery); mayor and council vs. City bank.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, containing ⅛ of an acre, more or less, on Hunter street, adjoining Kershaw and Lynch; mayor and council vs. T. P. Calloway.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 58, containing ½ of an acre, more or less, on Frazier and Clarke streets, adjoining Pitts and Kennedy; mayor and council vs. E. Y. Clarke.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 30-135 feet, more or less, N. W. corner Whitehall and Peters street, adjoining Burke and an alley mayor and council vs. Jno. Collier, Receiver for Gaskill & Kries.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 75-150 feet, more or less, on Whitehall street, adjoining Beerman and Durand; mayor and council vs. H. S. Durand.

Also; city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing ⅛ of an acre, more or less, on Ellis street, adjoining Gordon and Sage; mayor and council vs. W. Frank Dashel.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 83, containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, on Hunter street, adjoining Baptist S. S.; mayor and council vs. Mrs. Mary Delhl.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing ½ of an acre, more or less, on Spring street, adjoining Solomon and Goode; mayor and council vs. Mrs. Kate Delhl.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 83, containing 50-100 feet, more or less, on Rock street, adjoining Reynolds and Lee; mayor and council vs. Geo. R. Dudley.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, on Towns street, adjoining Johnson and Solomon; mayor and council vs. A. J. Durden.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 85, containing one-fourth of an acre more or less, on Whitehall street, adjoining Allen & Wellhouse; mayor and council vs. S. Duvald.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing one-third of an acre, more or less, on Castleberry street, adjoining Haverty; mayor and council vs. Martin Daily estate.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 85, containing twenty-five feet, more or less, on Trenholm and Peters street, adjoining Reynolds and Mitchell; mayor and council vs. Mrs. Jno. Deneen.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing sixty by one hundred and fifty feet, more or less, on Collins street, adjoining Harris and Dabney; mayor and council vs. Jeremiah Dabney.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing three-eighths of an acre, more or less, on Peachtree and Cain streets, adjoining Meriam and Peebles; mayor and council vs. Jno. Davis.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing fifty by seventy-seven feet, more or less, on Broad and Alabama streets, adjoining Hillyer and Harris; mayor and council vs. Miss Kate Emmell, one-third interest.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing 1-16 acre, more or less, on Ivy street, adjoining Alexander and Ivy; mayor and council vs. Mrs. S. A. Echols.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing ⅛ acre, more or less, on Houston street, adjoining Kimbro and Eddleman; mayor and council vs. F. S. Ellis.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing ⅛ acre, more or less, on Forsyth street, adjoining alley and Holcombe; mayor and council vs. Mrs. C. F. Ezzard.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing ⅞ acre, more or less, on Tatnall street, adjoining Benton; mayor and council vs. J. R. Edwards.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 65x140 feet, more or less, on Whitehall and Forsyth streets, adjoining Guthman and Abbott; mayor and council vs. J. T. Eichberg.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing 32x60feet, more or less, on Peteis and Haynes streets, adjoining Anthony; mayor and council vs. Mrs. T. M. Ellis.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing ⅛ acre feet, more or less, on Decatur street, adjoining Baldwin and Burchardt; mayor and council vs. Mrs. A. M. Fitzgibbons.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Collins street, adjoining Snook and Gregory; mayor and council vs. Mrs. Mary A. Frazier.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, containing 130x200 feet, more or less, on Crew street, adjoining Broyles and Arnold; mayor and council vs. George T. Fry.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, containing 3-16 acre, more or less, on Luckie and Dairy streets, adjoining Churchhill and McNeely; mayor and council vs. A. W. Fickett, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, containing three-eighths acre, more or less, on Luckie, Pine and Venable streets, adjoining Marshall; mayor and council vs. Ira R. Foster.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing one-quarter acre, more or less, on Peachtree street, adjoining Goldsmith and Cahn; mayor and council vs. N. R. Fowler.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 45, containing 9½ acres, more or less, on Mitchell street, adjoining Neal and Alley; mayor and council vs. G. P. Guilford, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 84, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, on Larkin street, adjoining Reid and Kicklighter; mayor and council vs. J. A. Garrison.

Also, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, on Pettis and Connally street, adjoining Story; mayor and council vs. S. B. Hay.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, containing one acre, more or less, on Washington and Richardson street, adjoining Clarke and Richards; mayor and council vs. L. H. Hall.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 108, containing 55-130 feet, more or less, on Markham street, adjoining Duke and Carter; mayor and council vs. Godfrey Herring, colored.

Also, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, containing two acres, more or less, on Forrest avenue and Collins street, adjoining alley and Farnsworth; mayor and council vs. Dr. San. Hape.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 25-75 feet, more or less, on Whitehall and Broad streets, adjoining Pattillo and Lowe; mayor and council vs. John M. Holbrook, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 19-175 feet, more or less, on Whitehall and Broad streets, adjoining Dodd, McArthur and Hammond; mayor and council vs. Clarke Howell, trustee.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 85, containing ⅜ of an acre, more or less, on Fair and Forsyth streets, adjoining Smith and Godfrey; mayor and council vs. S. T. Hunnicutt.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing ⅛ of an acre, more or less, on Walker street, adjoining Turner and Beard; mayor and council vs. F. A. Hilburn.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing 1 acre, more or less, on Mitchell and Markham streets, adjoining Kane and Schikan; mayor and council vs. Mrs. J. A. Haynes.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing ⅛ of an acre, more or less, on Railroad and Nelson streets, adjoining Ormond; mayor and council vs. Dr. P. R. Holt.

Also, city lot in ward 1, land lot 78, containing ⅜ of an acre, more or less, on Hunter and Elliott streets, adjoining Clarke; mayor and council vs. Mrs. E. N. Hotchkiss.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, containing 52-195 feet, more or less, on [illegible]

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 78, containing 50-135 feet, more or less, on Whitehall street, adjoining [illegible] mayor and council vs. Jno. T. Hagan.

Also, city lot in ward 2, land lot 78, containing 1 acre, more or less, on Crew and Crumley streets, adjoining Hunnicutt and Ball; mayor and council vs. Hunnicutt & Bellingrath.

[CONCLUDED ON FOURTH PAGE.]

WESTERN GEORGIA FAIR.

SECOND ANNUAL FAIR OF The Western Georgia Fair Association,

AT LaGRANGE, GA.,

FROM OCTOBER 15th to OCTOBER 19th, 1878.

FOUR DAYS!

Liberal Money Premiums!

An Interesting Racing Programme Each Day!

Liberal Premiums for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Horse-back Riding, with a Grand Tournament and Foot Racing.

Commodious and Well Arranged Fair Grounds!

AN EXCELLENT HALF-MILE TRACK!

LIBERAL PREMIUMS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF

Husbandry, Manufacturing, Machinery and Fine Arts

Premium Lists will be furnished on application to the Secretary, giving rules and regulations complete.

MILITARY PREMIUMS!

$225 will be given to the Best Drilled Military Company, not less than three Companies contesting.

H. H. CARY, President.
T. H. WHITAKER, Secretary.
D. N. SPEER, Gen'l Superintendent.

191 oct8 tues thur sat sun oct13 tues oct15

STEAM ENGINES.

Mark W. Johnson & Co,

SEND TO US FOR CIRCULARS AND PRICES OF

STEAM ENGINES

371 july24 d1f

27 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SEWING MACHINES.

WASTE NO MONEY ON **COUNTERFEIT** **Singer Sewing Machines.**

PRICES OF THE GENUINE

GREATLY REDUCED.

282,812 Machines Sold in 1877 BY THE **Singer Manufacturing Co** BEING 20,496 MORE THAN IN ANY PREVIOUS YEAR

Notwithstanding the great depression in business.

☞ BETTER STILL; During the months of January, February, March, April, 1878, the sales of our Genuine Singer Machines were SIXTY PER CENT greater than during the corresponding months of last year. Could there be stronger evidence of the hold these

GOLD, COTTON, WEATHER.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 100¾; closed at 100¾.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed in New York yesterday at 10 5-16c; in Liverpool at 6 5-16d.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for to-day, in Georgia, southeast to southwest winds, and stationary or rising followed by falling barometer, warmer and partly cloudy or rainy weather.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., KIMBALL HOUSE, October 9, 10:31 P. M.

[All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.]

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	Direction of Wind.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Atlanta	30.07	68	90	N.	.00	Cloudy.
Augusta	30.14	73	85	Calm.	.00	Cloudy.
Savannah	30.13	74	90	Calm.	.00	Cloudy.
Key West	30.04	82	79	E.	.00	Fair.
Galveston	29.95	78	92	S. E.	.00	Fair.
Indianola	29.96	76	86	S. E.	.00	Clear.
Corsicana	29.95	71	85	.....	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	29.94	74	90	E.	1.16	L't rain.
Mobile	30.01	73	85	E.	.32	L't rain.
Montgomery	30.08	74	76	E.	.02	L't rain.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., October 9, 1878.

Time.	Bar.	Ther	Humidity.	Direction of Wind.	Weather.
7 a. m.	30.18	64	89	E.	Cloudy.
11:31	30.14	71	80	E.	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	30.09	72	71	N. E.	Threat'g.
4:06	30.08	71	85	N. E.	Threat'g.
9 p. m.	30.09	69	94	N. E.	Cloudy.

Mean daily bar. 30.116. Maximum ther. 78.
Mean daily ther. 68.5. Minimum ther. 61.
Mean daily humid. 81.3. Total rainfall .00.

GEORGE H. ROHE,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

PREFERRED LOCALS.

IT

has always been acknowledged "that the best is the cheapest!" Especially is this true in regard to sewing machines. You can get cheap and inferior machines anywher but they

WILL

soon give out [the operator also] and prove what shams they are. If you want a machine that can be relied on at all times and in all seasons, one that it will

PAY

to buy, call at our office and examine the leading machine of to-day,

THE DOMESTIC,

with its late improvements, it is as near perfection as earthly things generally get.

CRAIGE & CO.,
409 mar24 dtf 43 Whitehall street.

A great variety of White and Decorated China, Dinner, Tea and Chamber Sets, Lamp Goods, Plated-ware and Cutlery, at lower prices than any house in Georgia, at

HENRY SELTZER'S.

56 sep5,1878–dly

Alex. Fox, Optician,

39 Whitehall Street.

509 sep7 d1m

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

[See Second Page.]

Funeral notice of Mr. Bartee Jones.
Assignee's notice—G C Thomas.

The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 10, 1878.

THROUGH THE CITY.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. George T. Dallas, of LaGrange, is in the city.

Mr. T. P. Branch, of Augusta, arrived in our city yesterday.

Mr. W. H. Lumpkin, of Cartersville, is in the city.

Colonel W. A. Barden, a prominent citizen of Columbus, is in the city.

Mr. Charles F. Stubbs and family, of Savannah, is at the Kimball.

Colonel A. R. Lamar, of Washington, D. C., is registered at the Kimball.

Mr. B. E. Strickland, a prominent citizen of Lawrenceville, is a guest of the Kimball.

Messrs. W. B. Johnson, C. A. Nutting and W. S. Holt, of Macon, are guests at the Kimball.

Colonel George W. Adams, superintendent of the Macon and Brunswick railroad, is in the city.

Mr. Charley Dibble, of Augusta, representing the Atlantic Coast Line, reached this city yesterday on a visit.

Hon. Arthur H. Gray, one of the most clear-headed and rising young politicians of the seventh congressional district, is in the city.

General Henry R. Jackson, of the law firm of Jackson, Lawton & Bassenger, of Savannah, is in the city on a visit to his son, Captain Henry Jackson.

General E. P. Alexander, general manager of the Western railroad of Alabama, and president of the Georgia railroad, is in the city.

Colonel W. B. Berry, of Newnan, a director and one of the vice presidents of the North Georgia Stock and Fair association, arrived in our city yesterday, and will remain with us several days.

Mr. Ed. F. Sisson, of Chattanooga, southern passenger agent of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railway, is in the city. Mr. Sisson left Chattanooga yesterday with his family and came to Tunnel Hill, at which place he left them until his return from Atlanta. Several members of his family have been ill with the yellow fever, but have recovered sufficiently to leave the city. Mr. Sisson will return to Tunnel Hill to-day.

Dr. J. S. K. Axson, pastor of the Independent Presbyterian church of Savannah, with his estimable wife, is a guest of the Markham. Dr. Axson is known as one of most gifted ministers of the gospel in the south. He will leave to-day for Savannah to resume his place in the above church. His congregation will give him a warm welcome upon his arrival at home.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

The courts are quite busy.

Country apples are coming in abundantly.

Residences are always in demand in Atlanta.

Atlanta will probably escape all circuses this season.

Help the suffering people of Chattanooga. They need it.

There should be a regularly established hack stand in Atlanta.

Many of the streets of our city are sadly in need of sign boards.

A stray calf held high carnival in the city hall park Monday night.

The racing feature at our fair promises to be the finest ever given in Georgia.

Mr. Frank Miller's genial face is becoming familiar at the Markham house.

It is said that there will be six sheriff tickets before the people at this election.

The last watermelon of the season has disappeared from the fruit stands of our city.

The Kimball house dining room and offices have been adorned with elegant new carpets.

Mr. Chuck Anderson, the Marietta blonde, passed through the city Sunday night for Macon.

The grand scheme to build a bridge at the Whitehall crossing seems to have fallen through.

The farmers in this section have made plenty of cotton, but they are in no great hurrry to bring it in.

The demand for eggs or Shanghi berries, as Billie Emerson calls them, is greater than the supply at present.

A telegram from Augusta to the New York Herald predicts that our fair will be the best ever known in Georgia.

Death of Captain B. R. Herty.

Tuesday Captain Bernard R. Herty, of Milledgeville, died suddenly in that city. The news will be heard with regret by many in Atlanta, where Captain Herty lived soon after the war. He was in struggist of rare experience and a gentleman whose genial qualities made him friends wherever he went. At the time of his death he was captain of the Baldwin Blues.

To the Public.

I have this day sold my entire interest in the Drug Store, corner Broad and Marietta streets, to Dr. H. L. Wilson. Thanking you for past favors and asking a continuance of same to Dr. Wilson,

I am, very respectfully,
October 8, 1878. W. H. WIMBERLY.
237 oct9 d2t

Attention, Catholic Knights!

There will be a meeting of the above society, Sunday evening, October 13th, in the rooms of the Catholic Library Association, for the purpose of electing officers. All Catholic gentlemen between the ages of 18 and 50, who feel an interest in such an organization, are respectfully invited to attend. Those who wish to become members and who wish to have a voice in the election may do so by making application to Dr. D. O. C. Heery, at his office, in the Drug Store of Dr. Holt, No. 26 Whitehall street.

J. J. LYNCH, Chairman.
J. J. CALLAGHAN, Secretary.
254 oct10 d2t thur sun

Five Dollars Reward.

Lost, near Phillips & Crew's book store, a small black cane with dog's head, collar and bell. The finder will receive the above reward on leaving it at Phillips & Crew's store. 256 oct10 d2t

In another column will be seen the notice of the early death of a most excellent young man. Having graduated at the State University, entered upon his profession, and consummated just a year ago a happy bridal, Bartee Jones is brought back to-day from Florida to find an early resting place in our cemetery. All sympathy for the bereaved family and especially for the one upon whom has fallen so premature a widowhood.

The Opening

At Mrs. Heald's (Mrs. McCormick) continues. Ladies are invited to call. Prices low. Goods first-class. 247 oct10 dtf

Church of Christ.

A meeting of the members of the Church of Christ, Hunter street, will be held Friday, 11th, at 7:30 p. m., to consider and provide the best means of making arrangements for the support of a pastor for the coming year. Every member is urged to be present.

Nuts to Crack.

If mud and clay stained Coal Creek Coal as pure, clean and good as the Black Diamond, which is free from stain? Eh! eh! eh!

If stained coal as healthy in a close room as unstained?

If stained coal is not as healthy, then why buy it when you can buy the Black Diamond pure, clear and clean, at the same price.

Is a stained, unclean garment as pure, sweet and healthy as a washed garment? If not, then ought not stained coal to be washed, and ought not those using it, on account of sanitary purposes, be compelled to apply to the water works for water to wash it. The Black Diamond don't need washing. We always have it on sale at 59 Decatur street

SCIPLE & SONS.

If you go to buy Coal Creek Coal, ask the dealer, is your coal stained, and if he says a little on the outside, tell him let's break up a lump and see, for it might be stained all through it. Buy the Black Diamond, this is free from stain. SCIPLE & SONS.

A Health-Destroying Vapor

Is generated by the action of the sun's rays upon damp decaying vegetation, stagnant pools, and marshy, low lying tracts. The true nature of this miasma by no means clearly understood, but there are two facts in relation to it that are. The first is, that the periodical fevers which it breeds are of the most virulent type; the second is, that these maladies are rarely cured, although they may be a ameliorated, by the ordinary remedies employed to overcome them. The true antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and is in immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.

oct8-tu-th-sat&w3w

The organ rolled its notes from the growling diapason to the gentle flute; and the congregation accompanied by deep sepulchral coughs to coughs scarcely audible, because they had not yet heard of the wonderful efficacy of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Forty race horses are expected to start in the races at the LaGrange Fair, October 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th. A dozen of Georgia's best men are superintendents.

Dooley's Yeast Powder.

There is probably no other baking powder, manufactured that has become so much of a boushold word as Dooley's Yeast Powder. For twenty years it has stood before the public, and the innumerable testimonials that have been called forth voluntarily, testify fully to its merits.

If you don't want to smell clay in your rooms, steer clear of mud stained Coal Creek Coal and buy only the Black Diamond.

SCIPLE & SONS.

All parties holding Policies in the Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, and German American Insurance Company, of New York, will please present the same for verification, at office of Messrs. Walker & Boyd, Resident Agents, No. 10 Alabama street.

THOS. GRAEME, Special Agent.

311 sep6—dtf

The best and cheapest Carpets are now offered at Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s.

oct5 dtf

If you buy mud and clay stained so-called Coal Creek Coal, and send it home, your wife will seek to be divorced from you. Buy the Black Diamond. Its the best.

SCIPLE & SONS.

1878 1878

FALL TRADE.

Lamps, Crockery, Glass. New Styles Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, fine Cutlery, Casters, Spoons, Show Cases, at Factory Prices. by

McBRIDE & CO.

249 nov11—dly 4thp

Cheapest Furniture House in Georgia.

A literal and absolute fact. Try it. The best $50 00 Parlor and Chamber in the State. $25,000 worth now in store. 7 and 9 Marietta street. P. H. SNOOK,
252 oct10 dtf Leader of Low Prices.

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bro.'s 'Seal of North Carolina' at the same price?"
19 feb2 deodly sat tues thur.

If you wish to save money, read Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement, and as for facts, visit their store without hesitation.

oct5 dtf

Cheap Dry Goods, etc.,

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s.

oct5 dtf

Friday, Oct. 11th, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

GRAND CONCERT,

For the benefit of the Yellow Fever Sufferers, given by the Pupils of the Atlanta Musical Institute, with the assistance of Prof. and Mad. Schultze, at the Hall of the Institute, Grant's Building, 8 Broad street, corner of Marietta. Admission 50 cents. Tickets for sale at J. J. & P. Richards' and Phillips & Crew's book stores. 253 oct10 1t

Ask for the Black Diamond Coal Creek Coal. It's the best. Its pure, bright, clear, clean and free from any mud and clay stains. We always have it for sale at 59 Decatur street. SCIPLE & SONS.

Take That Buckeye Out of Your Pocket!

Now that the medical properties of the Buckeye are clearly established, and utilized for the cure of Piles, why not make a direct application of its healing virtues in the form of Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment and be cured? This preparation is made from the alkaloid of the Buckeye, or Horse Chestnut, and, combined with other ingredients, is offered to the public as a cure for nothing else but Piles. Price 50 cents a Bottle.

For sale by Collier & Co., Pinson & Peacock, Hutchison & Bro.
411 apr25 deowly&weowly

HOLLAND & CRENSHAW,

DENTISTS,

24 Whitehall street, cor. Alabama, Atlanta, Ga.

First-class operators, second to none; charges less than any other FIRST-CLASS dentists in the South. A majority of our gold fillings made for $1 per filling. Artificial teeth $5 to $15 per set.

Our new dental plate (perfected by Dr. Holland) is far superior to rubber or celluloid, and in point of cleanliness and strength preferable to gold.

Teeth extracted for 50 cents. Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of gas and other anesthetics.

We propose to be thorough in each and every operation we perform, and can refer to hosts of the best citizens of Atlanta to substantiate all we claim.

Our motto—Comfort and permanent benefit to our patrons.

352 aug18 d5m 4h 4th p

The Great Family Medicine.

Dr. Wilhoft's Anti-Feriodic or Fever and Ague Tonic! No case of incurable Chills has yet presented itself, where this scientific and safe medicine has been employed. No case has been found too obstinate as to resists its prompt and masterly action. No man has been so reduced by malarial influences, but with its use has completely reconstructed. No pills or purgative required with this medicine. WHEELOCK, FINLAY& Co., Proprietors, New Orleans.

For sale by all druggists.
627 may1 d&w6m oct5 d&w2w

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Markham House.

F O Cooper, Louisville; F O Welch, Vineland; R R Harper, W G Sadshemiller, Bartow co; W H Payne, Arthur H Gray; Ringgold; C H Gray, Graysville; A C Heppie, Ga; James Glover, Tenn; C Rowell, T W Alexander, Rome; R T Ligan and wife, Miss Ligan, Master Ligan, Alabama; Dr J S K Axson, wife and grand-daughter, Savannah; P Kirby, Mrs Kirby, Rochester, Kentucky; H Jones, Ga; W F McFarland, Henry county, Ga; C M McFarland, Henry county, Ga; A J Boynton, Miss; C J Morgan, Miss; J Q A Simmons, Duluth; H M Murphy, Ky; Thos M Maxwell, Ky; Sam'l T Moss, Tenn; C J Nunnally, Worth county; H Home, Macon; E W Habersham, Ga; A G Roberts, Monticello; W W Clarke, E Heard, J F Thompson; Covington, Ky; V J Murphy, Montgomery; W S Klimswith, Md; E Wilkinson, Ky; Miss Barnes, Rochester, N Y; G Stone, New Miss Barnes, Rochester, N Y; G Stone, New Orleans; Miss Barnes, Rochester, N Y; G Stone, New Orleans; Miss Barnes, Rochester, N Y; G Stone, New Orleans;